Chicago Tribune.

VOL. XX. CHICAGO, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1866. NUMBER 160.

Wanted—Male Help.

[illegible]

WANTED—Two or three smart young [illegible]

WANTED—Ladies in want of reliable [illegible]

WANTED—Salesmen, to sell Crowell's [illegible]

WANTED—2 assistant bookkeepers [illegible]

WANTED—Early Monday morning [illegible]

WANTED—115 choppers, 400 labor[ers] [illegible]

Wanted—Female Help.

SALESWOMEN, TRADES, &c.

WANTED—Four more women, from [illegible] A. G. GARFIELD, 39 [illegible]

WANTED—A good dressmaker. None [illegible]

WANTED—Operator on a Wheeler & Wilson [illegible]

WANTED—Ballet Girls—25 ballet [illegible]

HOUSE SERVANTS.

WANTED—A good girl to do general housework. [illegible]

WANTED—A good girl, about 18 [illegible]

WANTED—A good cook, washer and [illegible]

WANTED—A girl to do second work [illegible]

WANTED—A good girl to do general housework. Apply at 287 West Madison-st.

WANTED—A first-class cook, washer [illegible] Apply at 364 West Lake-st.

WANTED—A competent girl, to cook [illegible] Inquire at 216 [illegible]

WANTED—A girl, with good refer[ences] [illegible]

Employment Agencies.

WANTED—300 experienced Railroad [illegible]

Wanted—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Know Thyself—All per[sons] [illegible]

WANTED—$4,000, for 4 or 5 years, on [illegible]

WANTED—Persons to use, free of [illegible]

WANTED—A competent European [illegible]

WANTED—Granger's overcoats are [illegible]

WANTED—To business men—By a [illegible]

WANTED—Every person in Cook [illegible]

WANTED—We want to find some [illegible]

WANTED—A live business man in [illegible]

WANTED—$10,000, with or without [illegible]

WANTED—To loan $20,000 to good [illegible]

WANTED—I want to find Granger's [illegible]

WANTED—Plasterer—To hard finish [illegible]

Wanted—Correspondence.

WANTED—Correspondence—A [illegible]

WANTED—Correspondence—A gen[tleman] [illegible]

Boarding.

BOARDING—Pleasant rooms, with [illegible]

BOARDING—Pleasant rooms and good board, at 186 South Sangamon-st. [illegible]

BOARDING—A few boarders wanted [illegible]

BOARDING—A young lady can be ac[commodated] [illegible]

BOARDING—Rooms, with board, for [illegible]

BOARDING—A pleasant front parlor [illegible]

BOARDING—A few gentlemen or gen[tleman and wife] [illegible]

BOARDING—Two front rooms, with board, at 237 Michigan-av. [illegible]

BOARDING—Unfurnished front room [illegible]

BOARDING—A large room, with closet, [illegible]

BOARDING—A large, nicely furnished [illegible]

BOARDING—A pleasant front room, [illegible]

BOARDING—A large front room, hand[somely furnished] [illegible]

BOARDING—A gentleman and wife or [illegible]

BOARDING—A lady, about taking [illegible]

BOARDING—To rent, with board, a [illegible]

BOARDING—Good board at $4.50 per [week] [illegible]

BOARDING—A few single or [illegible]

BOARDING—Front parlor and bed [room] [illegible]

Personal.

[illegible]

Situations Wanted.

SITUATION—Wanted—[illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—[illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—[illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—[illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—[illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted, by an old [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted, by an [illegible] traveling agent. Address "TRAVEL[ER]" [illegible]

FEMALES.

SITUATION—Wanted—Mrs. J. F. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By an American lady, as housekeeper. [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted, by a good [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted, as housekeeper [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By a [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By an [illegible] at 234 Michigan-st.

Agents Wanted.

AGENTS WANTED—Positively [illegible]

WANTED—Agents—$1,500 per [year] [illegible] SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, [Maine] [illegible]

WANTED—Agents—$150 per mo[nth] [illegible]

AGENTS—Wanted—$150 per mo[nth] [illegible] COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE [illegible]

AGENTS—Wanted—$200 per month [illegible] W. DELOSS & CO., No. 168 Dearborn-st., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS—Wanted — For "TRUE AND TRUE, or LOVE AND LOYALTY." [illegible] W. J. HOLLAND & CO., Chicago, Ill. [illegible]

AGENTS—Wanted — Winter em[ployment] [illegible] NEW AND USEFUL INVENTION [illegible] F. G. WILSON & CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

AGENTS—Wanted—Experienced [illegible] 132 South Clark-st., Chicago, Ill.

Wanted—To Rent.

WANTED—To Rent—Until about [illegible]

WANTED—To Rent—By a gentle[man] [illegible]

WANTED—To Rent—A neatly [illegible]

WANTED—To Rent—By a [illegible]

WANTED—To Rent—A furn[ished] [illegible]

Partners Wanted.

PARTNER—Wanted—To engage [illegible]

PARTNER—Wanted—In a light [illegible]

PARTNER—Wanted—A good [illegible]

Business Chances.

FOR SALE—Stock, lease and fixtures [illegible]

FOR SALE—Stock and fixtures of [illegible]

FOR SALE—First-class Saloon [illegible]

FOR SALE—At a bargain, the [illegible]

FOR SALE—Lease, stock and fixtures [illegible]

FOR SALE—218 Lake-st.—A drug [store] [illegible]

FOR SALE—To Lumber Dealers [illegible]

For Sale.

FOR SALE—Two first class billiard [tables] [illegible] at 182 Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—Bricks—12,000 new bri[cks] [illegible] A. JOHNSON.

FOR SALE—6 cases of superior French Calf Skins [illegible]

FOR SALE—Packing boxes of every [description] [illegible] DAVID GOODWILLIE & CO.

FOR SALE—The schooner "Active" [illegible] FRANCIS B. LITTLE [illegible]

FOR SALE—News Depot on State-st. [illegible] GOODWILLIE, Otis Block, cor. Madison and LaSalle.

FOR SALE—The tools and stock ne[cessary] for starting a Horse-Shoeing and Jobbing Shop. Inquire at 153 West Jackson-st.

Real Estate—Country.

FOR SALE—Or rent, 364 acres of land [illegible] JOSEPH HILT, Marva, Macon County.

FOR SALE—120,000 acres of choice [land] [illegible] Iroquois Co., Ill.

Horses, Carriages, &c.

HORSE, Buggy and Harness, for sale. [illegible] at 430 West Adams.

A VERY FINE AND FAST BAY MARE, for sale, or trade. [illegible]

ONE TRUCK and one buggy horse for sale. E. ASHLEY MEARS, 338 Lake-st.

Strayed and Stolen.

STRAYED—Nov. 5th, a white cow, from [illegible]

STRAYED—A Bay Mare, 7 years old [illegible] W. W. WEBB.

STRAYED—Or Stolen—From the premises [illegible]

Lost and Found.

LOST—On the evening of the 8th inst. [illegible]

LOST—$5 Reward—Yellow English [terrier] [illegible]

LOST—$20 Reward—For a cream-col[ored] [illegible]

LOST—Somewhere in the West Division [illegible]

FOUND—A purse, containing a small [illegible]

FOUND—Taken up, [illegible]

Machinery.

A SECOND-HAND BOILER Wanted. [illegible]

Chicago Tribune.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1866.

THE NEWS.

[illegible] New York on Saturday [illegible]

[illegible] has been indicted for per[jury] [illegible]

[illegible] from Georgia, bearing a [petition] for the release of Jeff. Davis, have reach[ed] [illegible]

[illegible] despatch says that gold, silver [illegible] have been discovered near Fort [Laramie], in Dakota Territory.

[illegible] Washington despatch develops a new [illegible] with A. Johnson, having its origin, it [is said], with Hon. Thad. Stevens.

[illegible] trials yesterday the prisoner, [illegible] was convicted and sentenced to [illegible] on the 15th of December.

[illegible] at the Treasury during the [illegible]

[illegible] explanations concerning the New [Orleans] [illegible] said to have been suppressed [illegible] will be found among our [illegible]

[illegible] states a curious fact in refer[ence to] the commerce of New Orleans. Instead [illegible] of sugar and molasses, as was [illegible] these are now largely imported.

[illegible] despatch states that Mr. [illegible] the late elections, that he has [illegible] no more pardons to rebels at [illegible]

[illegible] accounting officers of the Treasury [illegible] that they have no au[thority] to pay any claims for the additional boun[ty] [illegible] where the claimants have lost their [illegible]

[illegible] Buffalo, on the 5th of March, [illegible] number of cattle returned by occu[pants] [illegible] the number of sheep returned and [illegible] the number of pigs, 2,477,329.

[illegible] meteoric display is looked for on [illegible] Our despatch referring to [illegible] in another column, gives some very [illegible] in regard to the recurrence of [illegible] during the past century, as well [illegible] to persons who may desire to make [illegible] on the night above men[tioned].

[illegible] report of Government agents [illegible] Evening Star disaster is published. [illegible] nothing to condemn in the vessel, but [illegible] the lack of hands aboard [illegible] that there were no carpen[ters] [illegible] They recommend changes in the [illegible] further protection in these re[spects].

[illegible] Johnson and Governor Swann have [illegible] the lack of the Maryland election affair [illegible] will be brought before Congress for [illegible] a majority of the election judges [illegible] against the admission of Arthur [illegible] on the ground of illegal regis[tration] [illegible] Governor Swann's registrars.

[illegible] Washington despatch says the Presi[dent's] [message] was laid before the Cabinet on [illegible] The message, it is said, will recom[mend] [illegible] Congress the most vigorous measures to [illegible] of Maximilian, if he, in the meantime, [does not] depart. It is expected that Minister [illegible] and General Sherman will report the [illegible] of affairs from Vera Cruz, before the [illegible] to Congress.

Frank Millen, the Wall street broker, [charged] with complicity in the Lord bond [robbery] was brought before Justice Dowling yes[terday] [illegible] The evidence taken was the statement of [illegible] and the prisoner. The latter said eight [illegible] were bought of a stranger by him on the [illegible] of October, which proved afterwards to [be] [illegible] of those stolen from Mr. Lord, but [illegible] at the time. The prisoner [illegible] forty thousand dollars bail, was released.

[illegible] Downieville Gold Mining Company, [illegible] at 70 Wall street, New York, was [illegible] on Friday last, and a number [illegible] were badly victimized. [illegible]

[illegible] Roman journals announce that on the [illegible] month the Pope received by the [illegible] from the city of Baltimore, the [illegible] good wishes of forty-one Bishops [illegible] of American Catholicism. [illegible]

[illegible]

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

PACIFIC VIEWS OF LORD DERBY.

Marriage of the Russian Czaro-witch with Princess Dagmar.

Arrest of Forty Members of a Secret Political Society in Paris.

Outrages by Chinese Pirates.

Extension of the Western Union Cable to Shanghai.

INSURRECTION IN BARCELONA.

DISCOVERY OF GOLD AND SILVER IN DAKOTA.

A New Way to Deal With A. Johnson.

Foreshadowing of the President's Message.

A GEORGIA DELEGATION IN WASHINGTON.

They Want Jeff. Davis Released.

FROM EUROPE.

By the Cable—Lord Derby on America—Marriage of the Czarowitch of Russia with the Princess Dagmar—Arrest of Members of a Secret Political Society in Paris—Chinese Pirates—Extension of Telegraph into China—Insurrection in Barcelona.

LONDON, November 10.—At a recent banquet, Lord Derby, the English Premier, made a friendly allusion to America, in which he hoped that any question between the Governments of the United States and Great Britain might be approached in a forbearing and conciliatory spirit, which might remove all bitterness and cement the friendship of the two nations.

LONDON, November 10.—The great Reform meeting is appointed to take place in London on the 3d of December next.

ST. PETERSBURG, November 10.—The Czarowitch and the Princess Dagmar were married yesterday with great festivity and rejoicing throughout the city. The Czar, on this occasion, commuted the sentence of a large number of prisoners, and remitted arrears of taxes.

PARIS, November 10.—Forty-two arrests have been made of members of a secret political society in Paris.

LONDON, November 11.—Parliament has again been prorogued.

LONDON, November 11.—News has been received of the arrival of the bark Nellie Chapin at Jaffa, from Jonesport, Maine, with 150 Americans to colonize Palestine. The United States steamer Ticonderoga left Jaffa on the 9th ultimo for Malta.

LONDON, November 11.—The American brig Lubia was boarded by pirates on the coast of China; no date. The captain and two men were killed and several wounded.

A United States company has got the consent of the Emperor of China to lay a cable from the Western Union Extension Company's lines on the north to Shanghai.

A fearful typhoon had occurred between Japan and Shanghai. No disasters to the shipping had been reported.

The French Admiral was awaiting the arrival of his squadron at Shanghai in order to proceed to Corea.

It was proposed, at Sydney, Australia, to lay a duty of a shilling an ounce on gold exports. The crops were not extraordinarily good on the Island. Of some articles, only half of last year's crop was expected.

PARIS, November 11.—News has been received in official quarters that an insurrection has broken out at Barcelona against the Narvaez Government.

QUEENSTOWN, November 11.—The Anchor Line's steamship Iowa, from New York, October 27, touched here last night, *en route* for Liverpool.

Foreign Markets.

LIVERPOOL, November 10—Even[ing]. [illegible]

[illegible]

LONDON, November 11.

Consols closed at 89¼ for money.

LONDON, November 11.

[illegible] Illinois Central, 77 [illegible] United States Five-Twenties, 69.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

WASHINGTON, November 11.

A NEW PLAN.

It is reported that Hon. Thad. Stevens has a plan in regard to the President, which will be a little less abrupt than direct impeachment, without previous investigation, and which would preclude the possibility of instituting proceedings which, upon trial of the case, might fail. His plan is said to be to appoint a joint committee at the opening of the coming session, exactly as the Joint Committee on Reconstruction was appointed, whose duty it shall be to fully investigate the course and conduct of Mr. Johnson, and report to the two Houses what action, if any, is demanded of Congress by the facts elicited.

ARMY OF THE TENNESSEE.

General Rawlins, Colonel Parker and Captain Dunn, of General Grant's staff, left to-night to attend the meeting of the Army of the Tennessee.

INCLINED TO STOP.

Of late, those heads of Departments who have been most active in regard to removals, seem less and less inclined to make further changes. All of these gentlemen, having yet many favors to ask the present Congress, and being entirely at the mercy of the same, they appear to be considering whether wholesale removals will recommend them to Congress.

GENERAL HOWARD

has just returned from a short leave of absence in New York and New England, during which he has raised twenty-five thousand dollars for the new Congregational Church enterprise in this city.

GOING BACK ON THEM.

The removal of those appointed shortly before the elections as the price of their apostacy, seem to be multiplying. It is now said that [illegible] of war Bowers [illegible] be removed from the Collectorship of the First Philadelphia District, as has been in office three months.

MINISTER TO CHILI.

It is again reported that General Kilpatrick is to be recalled from Chili. Political reasons have nothing to do with this case; but the reputation of the nation abroad seems to demand a change.

UNION PARTY IN MARYLAND.

The Union party in Maryland seems to be rapidly coming to the conclusion to engraft impartial suffrage upon its platform in the new battle which they must fight to replace the government of the State in the hands of loyal men.

GENERAL FRY.

WASHINGTON, November 11.—Major General Fry, late Provost Marshal General of the United States, sailed from New York on Saturday, the 10th inst., in the steamer Arizona for California, to enter upon duty as Adjutant General of the Military District of the Pacific, to which he has just been assigned by the Secretary of War.

GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC.

The National Convention of the Grand Army of the Republic will assemble at Indianapolis on Tuesday, the 20th, instead of the 25th instant, as heretofore erroneously announced.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

NEW YORK, November 11.—The *Herald's* Washington special says: The President yesterday laid before the Cabinet certain portions of his annual message. The meeting was somewhat protracted. Various portions of the message were discussed. Our relations with Mexico will occupy a prominent position in the message. It is certain that the mission of Minister Campbell and General Sherman to Mexico is not for buncombe. It means work. If, on the arrival of the Susquehanna at Vera Cruz, or any other port, it is ascertained that neither Maximilian nor the French have left, and evidence is afforded that they do not intend to do so without unnecessary delay, there is reason to believe the President will recommend to Congress the most vigorous measures to expedite them. If not, the preliminary action of the Minister will be determined by the Government in time for the President to incorporate his definite and decided Mexican policy in his forthcoming message. The recent letters from Mexico, throwing discredit upon the information given to the public through the Mexican minister, Romero, to the effect that the visit of the Empress to Europe, is in pursuance of his intention to embark for Europe, are believed here to have been written in the interest of the Imperialists. The belief is entertained that Louis Napoleon desires Maximilian to remain in Mexico until the French troops are withdrawn, for reasons which none can better explain than himself.

SANFORD CONOVER.

The Grand Jury has made a presentment in the case of J. A. Dunham *alias* Sanford Conover, for perjury in the sworn evidence given by him as a witness on the assassination trials and before the House Judiciary Committee.

Robert Lowrie, General Giles and M. Hillier, delegated by the Governor of Mississippi to present to the President the resolutions of the Legislature of that State praying for the release of Jeff. Davis, have arrived in Washington.

FROM CINCINNATI.

Present to General Cary—Railroad Accident—Charity Hospitals—The Cholera—Gamblers.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

CINCINNATI, November 11.

General S. F. Cary has received by express a superb gold-headed cane from the Republicans of Troy, New York, a tribute to his self-sacrificing patriotism. It is stated there were Republican gains where the General spoke in that State.

The eastern mail train on the Little Miami Railroad, ran off the track yesterday morning twelve miles from the city. A Mr. Bacon, of Kentucky, was badly injured in the spine; another person was cut by glass. The passengers escaped with a few bruises.

A lively discussion is going on, by anonymous contributors, in one of the city papers, on the subject of charity hospitals, and the relative merits of Catholic and Protestant. [illegible]

[illegible]

The deaths from cholera last week were, Fourth Ward, twenty; Fifth, eleven; Sixth, twelve; Seventh, [illegible]

The [illegible]

[illegible]

three and one-third per cent more than the bonded [illegible]

[illegible] Nine gamblers were pounced upon last night by the police on a warrant sworn out by the wife of a man named Hosmer, whom they had fleeced. The complete outfit of the "hell" was captured, and the proprietor, James Davis, together with his nine accomplices, marched to the station-house.

FROM SPRINGFIELD.

The State Prayer Meeting—Putting Things in Order—Proclamation—Contests About—Ninth Congressional District—General Logan, &c.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

SPRINGFIELD, November 11.

Great preparations are being made amongst our churches for the State Prayer Meeting, which commences on next Wednesday in this city, and continues until the following Monday. Thoughts of a pentecostal season, suggested by the gathering together of so many Christians for prayer and supplication, were the theme of most of our pulpit discourses to-day. A very large concourse of ministers and prominent church members from all parts of the State is anticipated, and an abundant exhibition of the grace of hospitality will be shown by the Christian citizens of Springfield on the occasion.

The Secretary of State has commenced to put the chambers in readiness for the next biennial meeting of our Legislature, and most of the officials are beginning to gather together the material for their biennial reports.

The Governor is expected to issue a proclamation on the morrow recommending the observance of the 29th instant as a day of thanksgiving to Almighty God for the mercies of the past year.

Information has been received at the State Capital of the intention of several Republican candidates to contest the election of their Democratic competitors, either on the ground of fraudulent voting, or of dishonesty on the part of the judges. The Republican candidate for sheriff in Fulton County claims to be elected by twenty-two votes, while the Copperhead judges of election have given a certificate to his opponent. This case will be contested. So likewise will be the claims of the alleged elected sheriffs of Alexander and Tazewell Counties, on the ground of fraudulent voting.

If General Lippincott is defeated in the Ninth District, which is uncertain, the majority against him is but 207 or 300, so close has been his contest. The Democratic majority in that district two years ago was over 2,500.

General Logan is expected in the State Capital early in the current week, when he will receive the enthusiastic congratulations of his many friends here, on his triumphant election, notwithstanding the gigantic opposition brought to bear upon him.

The Ninth, Tenth and Eleventh Congressional Districts are still unheard from officially, though there is little hope that any of these have been carried by the Republicans.

FROM OMAHA.

Discovery of Gold, Silver and Coal in Dakota Territory—A Telegraph Repairer Killed by Indians—The Union Pacific Railroad Extended to Brady's Island.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

OMAHA, November 10.

The *Republican* of this evening states that large gold, silver, and coal discoveries have just been made about fifteen miles west of Fort Laramie, in Dakota Territory. A Major Wm. R. English, just arrived here from Laramie, brings the intelligence. He brings along a number of specimens taken out of the new discoveries, which are said to be richer than the first discoveries made in the celebrated Comstock mine of Nevada. The utmost confidence is felt that these discoveries will prove permanent, and that the Laramie district will prove to be one of the richest mining regions of the mountains. A company has already been formed to work the new mines. Professor North, the geologist, is said to have also discovered in the same district, of quality, immense deposits of valuable coal. They undertake a vast extent of country, and have been thoroughly proved by the professor, who left this city again last Monday, to make further explorations. The Government has only to secure the country against the Indians to insure the development of one of the wealthiest mining districts there is that the country has yet known.

The telegraph repairer, at the Julesburg Station, was killed and scalped by Indians, two miles west of the station yesterday.

The Union Pacific Railroad has been opened to Brady's Island. This is 270 miles west from Omaha.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

Sailing of a Steamer—Senator Stewart—Bullion Receipts—French Cannon.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 10.—The steamer Constitution, for Panama, sailed to-day with $800,000 in treasure, of which $673,000 is for New York. She also carried one hundred tons of wheat and twenty tons of wine. Among her passengers are William M. Stewart, United States Senator from Nevada, and C. W. Bradford, of the Western Union Telegraph Company.

Wheat sold to-day at $2.10 per 100 pounds.

Receipts of bullion—Yellow Jacket, October 15th, [illegible]; Hale & Norcross, $110,000; Gould & Curry, $216,000; Crown Point, $14,000; Ophir, $60,000; Empire Mill, $42,000; Savage, $210,000.

Consul Godoy claims thirteen cannon recently brought from the French fortifications at Mazatlan, as the property of the Mexican Republic, and has brought suit for their recovery.

The clearance of the steamer Continental, which sailed on Thursday for San Blas, Mazatlan and Acapulco was obtained from the Mexican Imperial Consul.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 11.—The Western Union Telegraph Company's bark Clara Bell, from Petropaulovsky, sailed yesterday in ballast.

FROM BALTIMORE.

The Habeas Corpus Case—The Case of Sheriff Thompson—Governor Swann.

BALTIMORE, November 11.—There is much anxiety felt to hear the decision of Judge Bond in the *habeas corpus* case of the Commissioners appointed by Governor Swann to succeed the old Board, and in the case of Sheriff Thompson, who refused to answer to the requisition of the newly appointed Commissioners. The decision is expected to cover the whole ground as to the legality of Governor Swann's action, and the conclusion as to the illegality of the proceedings in Judge Bond's court. It is generally believed that Governor Swann will immediately summon an extra session of the Legislature, as questions of great moment to the people of this State will be submitted for consideration.

Second Annual Meeting of "The Order of the White Arrow."

GREEN BAY, Wis., November 10, 1866.

The second annual meeting of "The Order of the White Arrow" will be held at Cincinnati, Ohio, November 14th, 1866. All who served as officers in the Third Division, Seventeenth A. C. and have been honorably discharged or mustered out, are entitled to membership.

CHAS. REYNOLDS, Secretary.

From Ottawa, Canada.

OTTAWA, C. W., November 11.—It is understood that Messrs. McGee and Galt will sail with the delegates for Europe on Wednesday next, the former as representative for Canada at the Paris Exhibition, and the latter to assist in the completion of the confederation.

It is expected that Lord Monck will leave for England about the middle of December.

Maryland Horse Fair.

BALTIMORE, November 11.—The Maryland Horse Fair, [illegible] to take place here this week, commencing on Tuesday. [illegible] famous horses, Dexter and Patchen, are to be present, and there will be trials of speed each day, for premiums varying from $100 to $4,000. There is a light fall of rain [illegible] evening, the wind being south.

The Bond Robbery.

NEW YORK, November 11.—The examination of witnesses in reference to the purchase, by Mr. Hilton, of coupons from bonds stolen from Rufus L. Lord, was resumed yesterday, and the decision made that the evidence would not warrant the court in sending the case to the Grand Jury. The defendant was accordingly dismissed.

LAUNCH OF A MAMMOTH STEAMSHIP.

The Largest Wooden Steam Vessel Ever Built in the United States—The Pioneer Steamship of a New Line.

[From the New York Herald, 9th.]

The large and magnificent steamship Great Republic, was successfully launched yesterday morning from the shipyard of Henry Steers, situated at Greenpoint. About two thousand persons were present, including quite a large concourse of ladies, many of whom availed themselves of the opportunity and were launched with the vessel. Shortly before ten o'clock the last keel block was knocked from under the steamer, and settling down upon the smooth and slippery ways, she glided majestically into the water amid the shouts and huzzas of the spectators. The Great Republic was built for the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, and is to run between San Francisco, California, and the commercial cities of China and Japan. Another steamer, the exact counterpart of the Great Republic, is at present building in this city at the shipyard of William H. Webb, and is already far advanced toward completion, and is to be placed upon the same line.

It is expected that the Great Republic will be ready for sea in the spring, when it is contemplated to place her without delay upon the line to run regularly between San Francisco, Kanagawa, Japan, and Hong Kong, China, about the first of next year; the round voyage, from the time of leaving the port of San Francisco until returning to the same, occupying about two months. The vessel is constructed of the best materials, and will be in every respect a superior vessel; will be supplied with all the modern improvements, and will have cost, when ready for sea, over [illegible] million of dollars.

She is divided into four water-tight compartments and is strongly braced with iron bars running diagonally throughout the entire length of the vessel. The Great Republic is the largest wooden merchant steamship ever built in the United States, and probably in the world. Her dimensions are as follows: Length between perpendiculars at load line, three hundred and sixty feet; breadth moulded, fifty feet; breadth extreme, including outer planking, fifty feet; depth of hold to top of spar deck beams, amidships, thirty-one feet, six inches. She has three full decks and an orlop deck at each end extending to boiler and engine bulkheads; also a platform in lower hold to receive cargo. The floors are entirely of white oak and the sides pitch pine.

The machinery is building at the Novelty Iron Works, and will be of the following dimensions: [One be]am engine of one hundred and five inches diameter of cylinder and twelve feet stroke of piston, to be fitted with balanced poppet valves and Allan's adjustable cut-off. A surface condenser with compressed wood packings for the tube joints and supplied with condensing water by an independent rotary pump, driven by a pair of inverted direct acting engines placed between the pumps and cranks. The feed pumps will be arranged so that each will have its own suction pipe from tank and discharge pipe to boilers. The horizontal tubular boiler will be placed forward of the engine, fore and aft the ship, and uptakes connecting into one smoke-pipe. The steam pumps, with donkey boiler complete, will be fitted with all the necessary valves and connections.

ILLINOIS.

Official Returns by Counties.

[illegible]

The Orissa Horror.

[From the London Spectator.]

That telegram from India, announcing that half the population of Orissa have perished in the famine, must be a lie. It is impossible, inconceivable, incredible, that so transcendental a horror, one so utterly beyond all precedent, so nearly beyond imagination, should actually have occurred, that so inexplicable a disgrace should have fallen upon the British name. Two millions and a half of people dead of hunger in five months! Why, they are British subjects, and British subjects in India, living under the care of a paternal despotism, of a government with boundless power to help, with a continent to tax at will, with a revenue of £46,000,000, with £14,000,000 in its treasuries—of a government which declares that its moral right to reign is its care for the masses of the population—of a government which, if it has a fault, has that of loving the peasantry above the landholders. The statement is false, the invention of an enemy to disgrace us in the eyes of the world. Two millions and a half of human beings dead of hunger on the southwest coast of Bengal! Why the coast is opposite Arracan, the rice granary of India, looks straight to the mouth of the Ganges, and the rich delta whose endless wealth of production supplies the surplus revenue of a continent, opposite ports crowned with shipping, under a government which can transport armies, which can find agents by the million, which maintains in comfort soldiers equal in number to three-fourths of the families which the telegraph says have perished. Two millions and a half of people, five hundred thousand heads of houses, five hundred thousand mothers, fifteen hundred thousand children, dead of hunger! Why, the Viceroy is the picked Indian, the man chosen by a nation because of his capacity to govern, the ruler who risked a rebellion to secure comfort to the peasantry of Oude, the Englishman whom of all human beings philanthropists would have picked out for a throne, and he is in the hills, as far away from those whom this vi[illegible]

[illegible] lamentable story represents as dying in myriads as Warsaw is from Paris. Two millions and a half of people—twice the population of Denmark or of Greece, eight Suffolks, six Hampshires, five-sixths of Scotland—dead of hunger. Why, they trusted to the government of Bengal, and the "government" is a cool, far-sighted civilian, who has just been selected for honor, and he has not stirred from his hill retreat, has not gone among the dying, or sent a representative, or organized relief at his capital, or shown that he has the faintest idea that he is face to face with a calamity such as, since the birth of Christ, has scarcely stricken the subjects of a civilized State. Two millions and a half of men, women and babies, our subjects, dead of hunger. Why, we are Christians, and if but one woman so dies, move the whole force of the State to secure inquiry and relief from a horror which chills the warm comfort of our wealth. It is a lie, incredible and absurd.

THE TWO "SICK MEN."

Austria and Turkey Likely to Dissolve in a Great War of Races—Russia's Movement Against Austria.

[From the London Times, October 27.]

In a letter of our Berlin correspondent, which we publish to-day, will be found an interesting narrative of a movement which may at no distant time give the Austrian Government trouble. The campaign of Sadowa has changed the very nature of the Austrian empire. Six months ago it was a great German Power, and boasted an army supposed to be second in efficiency to none in Europe. Far-seeing people, who looked to the moral causes that were at work, might divine that the fabric was unsubstantial, but a war of aggression on Austria would not have been undertaken lightly by any Power. Now, however, that the prestige is dissipated, the desire of Austria's neighbors to profit by her possible dissolution is likely to be strongly manifested. It may be that they count too much on her weakness; it may be that those Hungarians and Poles who have so long been discontented with a German government may be conciliated by an emperor who appeals to them as friendless and almost helpless. But such a harmony has not yet been established. The feeling throughout the empire is one of sullen disloyalty. The people inquire what Austria is, what the imperial Power means, why they should be united to populations alien to themselves merely by the personal supremacy of a single man who, as they believe, has shown neither wisdom nor patriotism. The successful must expect to be harshly judged, and all the faults of Francis Joseph's government are now dwelt upon, while the sincere efforts he made towards conciliation—efforts to which we have always endeavored to do justice, are disregarded and contemned. Had his army entered Berlin as conquerors how differently would his subjects now look on him! But as it is there is no part of the empire where confidence exists, and where there is real loyalty to the throne. When the Austrians surrendered by whole brigades in the late war, this apathy bore testimony to a feeling which, unless removed, must be sooner or later the ruin of the empire. These soldiers of diverse origin, tongue and creed fought without energy, because they hardly felt that there was anything to fight for. They had been taken from their homes, enrolled, drilled, paraded, marched to the field, and sent against the Prussian needle guns for a cause that was not their own nor the cause of their families and friends. It was to maintain the imperial authority in some inexplicable dispute, and, as an ulterior consequence, to maintain a system which satisfied no race or people that was subjected to it. The hearts of Austrian subjects of every province have been yearning for a change for years, and yet every victory that is gained under the imperial standard tends to support the mystifying, unimproving, unimprovable rule of the Viennese court. Men were content to submit to this authority when they believed it to be strong and unassailable, but since its weakness has been displayed in the field and the treaty imposed by a triumphant enemy has deprived the emperor of the support of Germany, a visible agitation prevails among the populations submitted to his rule.

The design of the Russian sovereigns, long since formed and never relinquished, to extend first their influence, and then their government, over the provinces of Central and Southeastern Europe, where dwell a number of races more or less allied to the Russian. There are two engines employed—first, the relationship of race, and secondly, community of religion. The former is as yet scarcely powerful among the people; Panslavism is the sentimental and political fancy of an educated class rather than a popular instinct, though we are far from saying that it may not become formidable as the *idea* of nationality is indoctrinated in the mass of nationality, and as theological sympathies and antipathies give place to the consciousness of a common origin. It may be that in future times a conviction that they are related to the great Russian race may prevail among the populations of Central Europe to the very shores of the Adriatic, and that this sentiment will have its political consequences. It may be that the Pole and the Czech will forget the differences of religion which divide them from their eastern neighbors. But, for the present, religion is the instrument by which Russia endeavors to work upon the adjacent populations. The so-called Orthodox Church forms the bond of union between the Czar and all who profess its tenets. With hardly an exception wherever there is an Orthodox community under a Catholic or a Mussulman government, the priests, the common people and a large part of the higher class are devoted to Russia. We are not surprised to hear that the Russians are taking an interest in the state of some subjects of the Austrian empire. In some provinces there are large numbers of "Orthodox." In Hungary there are more than a million; in Transylvania and the military frontiers about a million and a quarter; altogether there are in the empire nearly three millions who regard the Czar, if not as a spiritual chief, yet as the greatest prince of their creed and its protector in the last resort. The position of the part of the Galician population which is nearest of kin to the Russians differs somewhat from this, inasmuch as they acknowledge the Papal supremacy, and, though still worshipping in their own form, are considered as Catholics. But there is said to be among the united Greeks a tendency to place themselves once more in communion with that Orthodox Church which, in the present century, has made such an advance towards world-wide empire. The three millions and a half of this uncertain creed who dwell within the Austrian empire might probably be brought back without difficulty to the Eastern Church, if Russia were to obtain temporal supremacy over them.

We need not, then, be surprised to hear of dissensions between the two empires, and of the intrigues of the stronger. Russia and Austria have had no sincere friendship for the last twelve years; indeed, Russia has always vowed revenge for the desertion of her neighbor to the Western Powers and the occupation of the Principalities. If Austria really contemplates a French alliance, and allows people to hint at the restoration of Poland, there is all the more reason that her adversary should seek to embarrass her by raising domestic discontents. It will require all the skill of Viennese administration to maintain the empire against such forces as will now be at work to dissolve it. No great discernment is required to perceive that even the German provinces of the empire are not safe from the attraction which is carrying Bavaria and Wurtemberg into the Prussian Confederation; and if at the same time a Sclavic and orthodox propaganda is set to work, the process of disintegration may be rapid.

SPAIN.

Condition of the Country—Queen Isabella's Reactionary Policy.

[From the London Times, October 27.]

The Queen of Spain, we are given to understand, has met with but little encouragement at the Courts of Paris and Vienna in her proposal for a joint blow to be struck by all the Catholic Powers in behalf of the Pope. Nay, so utterly have the Queen's agents failed in their mission, that clumsy attempts are even made to throw doubt on the transaction, and to deny that the thing ever went beyond the merest gossip; but if the Queen can do no battle for the faith at Rome, she can at least exercise her zeal at the expense of her subjects, and she seems determined to win heaven by making of the country submitted to her sway as much of a hell upon earth as the most sensitive tyranny can contrive. We speak very seriously and deliberately, and are anxious to deal with every one according to his deserts, and we do say that it is the Queen of Spain who rules as well as reigns; that the evil springs from her alone, and her advisers are her own free choice. We know how a few years' [illegible] month ago she gave her [illegible] series of court intrigues worthy of the [illegible] East, she managed to rid herself of O'Donnell, who, had as he was, was too good, too enlightened and progressive for her, and besides had a will of his own, and kept her in awe and subjection, and until she called to her council Narvaez, who may not be worse than his brother Marshal, and who passes for a gentleman in his own country, but in whose train all the evil geniuses of Spain, the men of blood and darkness, the fiends in cocked hat and broad brim, in cowl and chasuble stepped in. Since Narvaez and Gonzales Bravo have established a rule according to the Queen's own heart, the silence of death has settled on terrorized Spain. "The transportations," says a French journalist well known for his temperate language, "continue without interruption. Fernando Po is every day receiving new accessions of deported Spaniards, who are sent to die of yellow fever. The prisons are full of unhappy prisoners, who are kept in jail without knowing why, and if everybody is not absolutely arrested, if there are still inhabitants at large in Madrid, it is because the prisons are full and there is no place where they can be confined. From time to time, however, there are vacant places, and these are soon filled up. It is, therefore," concludes the Frenchman, not without his touch of grim humor, "only a question of patience, and each one may reasonably expect that his turn in prison will come round." The native press, good, bad and indifferent as it is, is utterly annihilated. Writers are packed off to the penal settlements by wholesale, and even such moderate organs of public opinion as have escaped suppression are subjected to the most harassing and degrading censure. The more has now come for foreign periodicals, [illegible]

the circulation of which is stopped at the frontier.

Screened from all impertinent criticism the Queen's Government proceeds thus with its task of "saving society." Schools and colleges are being "reformed." The only ground of all knowledge is to be the catechism. The Church is allowed to establish the most absolute, most crushing control over the whole range of human inquiry. Mohammedanism on leaving Spain has left it taste for narrow formula behind. "There is no God but God and the Pope is his Prophet." The rising Spanish generation is strangled in its intellectual cradle. As for the grown-up race, the priest and the soldier ride rough-shod over it. Take but one short hour's walk about the streets of Madrid and you will see what a den of wild beasts the Queen's Government fancies it has undertaken to tame. At every step patrols of what are called the "Civil Guards," ruffians with the most sinister looks, armed to the teeth with rifle and bayonet, revolver and sabre, incumber the footpath before you. At every third house you have a barrack; the Queen herself, her children and nurses, never move from the palace without the rattle and clatter of half a squadron of cuirassiers before and after their coaches. In the country matters are even worse. The "reform" extends now to the provincial and municipal corporations. Town councils are dissolved. Local self-government is at an end. Any form of more unmitigated despotism than that which the Captain-General of the Spanish Provinces exercised, it seems quite impossible to conceive, but the Queen's Government has found out beyond the lowest depth a deeper still; such feeble control as was still within the attributes of municipal bodies will be neutralized by a reorganization of the system which will render the Council as sorry a mockery of popular representation as are the Cortes in Madrid. Such is the condition of Spain in this the thirty-third year of the reign of Isabella II., and no one can wonder that a Government established on such a system should shrink from daylight and strive to hush up all home and foreign comment.

FROM CALIFORNIA.

Our San Francisco Letter.

Mexican News—Overthrow of Imperialism at Sonora—A Desperate Battle—The Rapid Decline of Imperialism—Honors to a Hero—Queen Emma's Visit—The Oldest Inhabitant—A Tree Elephant—Huge Fruits—Vine Growers' Troubles.

[Correspondence of the Chicago Tribune.]

SAN FRANCISCO, September 28, 1866.

Our city was thrown into great excitement yesterday by the arrival of the Continental from Mazatlan, with the news of the

OVERTHROW OF IMPERIALISM IN SONORA.

As I have written before, the people of California are bitterly hostile to the French invaders of Mexico, and in spite of the paid spies of the Emperor, who are vigilantly at work all the time, and the cupidity of some of our own Government officers, who have not hesitated to wink at the shipment of all kinds of supplies, arms included, to the French, but discover immediately any attempt to aid the Liberals, have succeeded of late in pouring arms into Mexico by wholesale, sending at the same time many of the best fighting men in the country to the assistance of the cause of freedom. The result is the complete annihilation of the French and traitor forces in Sonora. Mazatlan, too, is hotly besieged by Corona, and the French have just suffered another defeat at his hands. In this last battle the fighting was hand to hand and the French were routed by mere raw troops, through the desperate bravery and determination of a race we have been taught from our youth up to despise as incapable of real fighting and totally lacking in courage. A friend who rode over the battle field at Palos Prietos, tells me that the dead lay in heaps, and nine-tenths of the wounds were made with the bayonet and the sabre or the *machete*, the common weapon of the Mexican soldier. All the talk of an Imperial Mexican army of 20,000 men, to be officered by Frenchmen, is mere stuff. The Mexicans must be lassoed and dragged into the service, and the French have already learned to their cost that the position of officers in such a force is not a healthy one. The men will shoot them down like dogs on the first opportunity, and come over to the Liberals with all their supplies.

THE SITUATION.

At this moment nine-tenths of the entire territory of Mexico is in the hands of the Liberals, who are gaining strength daily, and there is not in the entire country, from Arizona to Yucatan, a spot where Maximilian can ride a league without an armed escort. Such a sentiment as "loyalty to the Empire" does not exist, and on every hand the invaders are reaping the fruits which they have so industriously cultivated. They commenced the work of butchering prisoners of war in cold blood, and now receive no quarter at the hands of the infuriated Liberals. Why should they expect any? With such facts staring us in the face it is not the most absurd nonsense for people to talk of the determination of Maximilian to "make one grand effort to maintain his power after the French evacuate Mexico." If Louis Napoleon is not the greatest liar out of heaven, and really means to evacuate Mexico, Maximilian, for the safety of his life, will leave in advance, and if the French do not mean to evacuate Mexico, the inevitable result of events now rapidly occurring will be that they must fight the United States and Mexico combined, on land and sea.

HONORS TO A HERO.

The Mexicans of California are subscribing most liberally towards a magnificent sword for the gallant Ramon Corona, the Liberal General in command of Sinaloa, who has been true to the cause from first to last, and has routed the French on every occasion. A more gallant man does not exist, and there is something in his character which smacks of genuine chivalry. He has never levied forced contributions, even in the times of his greatest necessities, and has never disgraced humanity by such cold-blooded murders of unarmed men and women as the French have committed in the name of "law" and "order." The enemy even concede that he is above selfish motives and cannot be corrupted, and that he has but one object of ambition, viz: to rid his country of the invaders. He is only twenty-eight or thirty years of age, but carries an old head on young shoulders. The hilt of the sword will be of solid gold, contributed in the shape of nuggets by Mexican miners, and the guard will be of the same metal, set with precious stones, diamonds and emeralds, and wrought in the highest style of the art. Surely if any man on earth deserves such a testimonial he is the man.

VISIT OF QUEEN EMMA.

Emma, Dowager Queen of the Kingdom of Hawaii, arrived here from England, *via* New York, on the steamer, on Monday last, and is now stopping at the Occidental Hotel, having the rooms set apart for the reception of the guests at the famous "Colfax Party Dinner." Not being a particular admirer of royalty, either black or white, I have not yet done myself the honor of calling on her, but all our citizens who desired an introduction have had the pleasure. She is, I believe, a modest, unassuming Kanaka woman, not of royal blood, but simply a royal consort by marriage, and entitled to as much respect as any other respectable middle-aged woman—no more and no less. Her reception here was entirely informal, the Hawaiian Consul, Mr. Hitchcock, an American citizen, receiving her at the wharf and conducting her to the hotel. A salute was fired from Fort Point, and from the United States revenue cutter *Shubrick*, as the steamer passed up the harbor, and General Halleck issued the following order:

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF PACIFIC, SAN FRANCISCO (Cal.), September 26th.

Circular. [illegible]

All officers [illegible] of the army who may desire to be presented to the Queen Dowager of the Hawaiian Islands, will assemble in uniform at the Occidental Hotel, at [illegible] o'clock this evening.

By order of Major General Halleck.

[illegible] N. SCOTT, Assistant Adjutant General.

The United States war steamer [illegible] has been ordered to carry her to Honolulu, and she leaves next week. Meantime, the Queen is seeing the lions in a quiet way, and the only visible sign of her presence among us, is the royal standard of Hawaii which floats over the Occidental.

SIDE BY SIDE.

The flag of the Mexican Republic floats from the Ross House, side by side with the Stars and Stripes, from the window of the apartments of Consul Godoy, and the other Spanish Americans take every opportunity to display the standards of their Republics with ours in the most conspicuous manner. To the best of my knowledge and belief, Uncle Sam is boss on this continent at this time.

THE OLDEST INHABITANT.

A few days since the *Alta* contained an account of a Mexican, named Ochon, aged 120 years. *La Voz de Mejico* now publishes an account of Simon Aviles, now a resident of Todos Santos (All Saints), Lower California, who is 125 years of age, and still retains his mental and physical vigor to a wonderful degree. Aviles was one of the Conquistadores of Alta California, having entered what is now the State of California, at San Diego, as a royal Spanish soldier, one of the escort of the famous Padre Junipero Serra, the founder of the Christian faith in California, July 1st, 1769, within three years of a century ago. Aviles has outlived more than three generations of mankind, and is still able to recollect every event of importance which has taken place on this coast for a whole century. Such a memory seems hardly credible, but there is no doubt of the truth of it. How many of the energetic, go-ahead, wide-awake Anglo Americans of California will live to number half so many years? Very few, I fear.

TOO MUCH OF A GOOD THING.

A project was started in this city some months since for sending to the World's Fair at Paris a section cut from the end of the Big Tree of Calaveras, which was to be polished up on one side as a map of the United States, and sawed into sections representing States, then put together in Paris to represent the restored Union. The proprietor of the Mammoth Hotel offered to do the work, provided that a saw long enough to cut through the trunk could be found in the world. They did not find the saw, but after all sorts of projects had been started, a man

was found bold enough to undertake, for $500, to bore off a section of the tree with shell augers, such as are used in the East for boring out pump logs. But here a new difficulty arose. How is a section of this tree, forty feet in diameter, to be brought to San Francisco from the mountains, and echo answers "sure enough, how?" The project will be abandoned beyond a question, as nature in California has done things on too large a scale for man to wrestle with her successfully. Speaking of nature's liberality reminds me of

A SCENE IN THE FRUIT MARKET,

just photographed for Albert D. Richardson, of New York, for his book on California, by Bradley & Rulofson, the artists. It comprises fruits and vegetables from the Pacific Market, taken from the ordinary samples on exhibition this morning. What think you of apples weighing thirty ounces, pears twenty-nine ounces (five of them filling a market basket), cabbages four feet in circumference, a sunflower seven feet in circumference, watermelon forty-nine pounds weight, beet as large around as a man's body and five feet in length, onions weighing four pounds each, etc., etc.?

THE VINE-GROWERS' TROUBLE.

The vine-growers of California met in convention at Napa on the 20th instant, to consult on the situation. Colonel Haraszthy thus explained the difficulties in their way: "Under the new law, the tax imposed upon brandy manufactured from grapes had been raised from fifty cents to two dollars per gallon. It was impossible, under this provision, to continue the manufacture of grape brandy. The tax amounted to an absolute prohibition. Hereafter, without some modification of the law, the grape-growers must lose all that portion of their crop which cannot be used in the manufacture of the wine. Their pumice, piquet, sediment and refuse grapes, which form so large a proportion of their profits, will be valueless. They cannot now even keep their own brandy, manufactured last year, and upon which duty has been paid, in their own cellars. Inspectors must inspect their stills, and all brandies must be kept in a public warehouse. There are thirty stills in the Fifth Collection District, and there is no public warehouse convenient to any of the vineyards where brandies can be stored. If they keep it, it is subject to seizure; if they remove it, there is no suitable place in which they can store it. It was for this Convention, in the exercise of its judgment, to decide what course was best to pursue in order to meet these difficulties. Something must be done immediately. The season of vintage is at hand. There are not casks enough to be had for the wine, if all the grapes should be made into wine; and if brandy is to be distilled, the necessary purchases and preparations must be made. It was highly desirable that concert of action should be had on the part of all the wine-growers of the State, in order that any representation made should carry the full weight to which it was entitled."

Among the resolutions passed were the following:

Resolved, That the Assessor and Collector of this District be and are hereby requested to transmit to the Secretary of the Treasury a telegraphic despatch, asking that they may be vested with authority to use their discretion with reference to buildings, local inspectors and bonded warehouses, until written instructions are received from the Department.

Resolved, That under the letter of the present law great loss must result to the grape-owners, and no grape brandy can be distilled. Unless some measure of relief is passed by Congress our entire loss will amount to at least one-third of the gross product of our vineyards. Our piquet, sediment and refuse or injured grapes, and for wines, will be totally valueless.

Resolved, That grape brandy cannot be sold for more than $1.50 per gallon, which is less than the amount of the tax. In consequence of this, other and inferior spirituous liquors, deleterious in their effects, are now, and will continue to be, substituted for the pure article.

Resolved, That there is not sufficient protection against adulterated liquors, which are sold in San Francisco and other markets of this coast cheaper than we can afford to make grape brandy, to the great injury of legitimate producers and manufacturers.

POLITICAL NEWS.

There is none on this coast.

THE WEATHER

is delightful even to Californians, the summer trade winds having entirely ceased.

ALATMONTS.

FASHIONABLE WEDDING.

Marriage of General Babcock of General Grant's Staff to a Galena Lady.

[From the Galena Gazette, 9th inst.]

Probably the largest and most brilliant wedding party ever held in Galena, was that of General O. E. Babcock of General Grant's staff and Miss Annie E. Campbell, which took place last evening, at the residence of the bride's father, B. H. Campbell, Esq. The guests numbered from two to three hundred, among whom were many gentlemen from abroad, occupying high positions of civil and military life, and ladies of the highest culture and refinement.

The bridesmen were Major General Upton, of New York; Colonel Adam Badeau, of General Grant's staff; A. S. Campbell, A. B. and Lieutenant B. H. Campbell. Bridesmaids—Miss Hattie Campbell and Miss Jennie Drummond, of Chicago; Miss Linn Jones of Dubuque; and Miss Augusta Scott, of Washington, D. C.

Among the guests from abroad we noticed Major General C. C. Washburne, of Wisconsin; Judge Thomas Drummond and lady, Mr. Edward Drummond, Hon. J. R. Jones, United States Marshal for the Northern District of Illinois, and lady, Albert Munger, Esq., L. N. Corwith, Esq., and daughter; Colonel Wallace Campbell, Mr. Edward Hempstead, Mr. J. C. McNulty, Mrs. Van H. Higgins, and Miss Libbie Mears, of Chicago; Dr. Babcock and lady of Kansas; General G. W. Jones and lady, of Dubuque; Mr. J. R. Patterson, of Cincinnati; C. H. Rogers, Esq., and lady, of New York; Miss Jennie Mack, of Rockford, and others whose names we did not learn.

Among those present from Galena were Hon. E. B. Washburne, Hon. J. R. Sheldon, Major General A. L. Chetlain and lady, General W. R. Rowley and lady, General John O. Duer and Colonel M. M. Miller.

General Grant had arranged to be present, but was prevented by the Baltimore difficulties, which required his presence in Washington and vicinity. Soon after the marriage ceremony the following despatch was received, signed by General Grant and the members of his staff:

WASHINGTON, November 8, 1866, [illegible] o'clock p. m.

To General and Mrs Babcock:

We tender you our hearty congratulations.

U. S. GRANT,
JOHN A. RAWLINS,
F. T. DENT,
C. B. COMSTOCK,
HORACE PORTER,
ELY S. PARKER,
GEO. K. LEET,
A. WEBSTER,
T. W. BRUNENMAN.

At six o'clock the marriage was solemnized, by Rev. Mr. McLean, in the presence of the relatives and intimate friends of the bridal party. The reception continued from half past seven till ten, during which time the bride and bridegroom were congratulated by nearly three hundred of their friends. After these ceremonies, a portion of the party retired, while the gayer and more youthful joined in a brilliant cotillion, which was prolonged till near the small hours of morning.

The bride was neatly and elegantly dressed, and deported herself with that ease and grace for which she has always been so much admired by her numerous friends. Galena, we believe, is known to possess at least her share of "fair women and brave men," and not a few of the former were present last evening, all of whom were attired elegantly and in good taste.

The bridal presents embraced a large variety of valuable articles, among which we note the following:

Bridal gift from General Babcock, consisting of coral pin, ear-rings and bracelet, chain and locket set in diamonds; moss agate set of jewelry, consisting of ear-rings, set of initial buttons, sandal wood fan and ivory whist counters. Soup ladle and waffle spoon, from General and Mrs. Grant. Presents from other parties came in in great abundance.

For her excellent qualities of heart and her many accomplishments, the bride, from her childhood up has been highly esteemed by her associates, and she will be much missed in our social circles. Few ladies are as well qualified to grace the brilliant circles in which she will move at the National Capital, and no one is more deserving of the gallant officer and accomplished gentleman with whom her destinies are united.

A Railway in the Alps.

Dr. Prime, of the New York *Observer*, in a recent letter from the Continent, gives an account of a railway up the Alps, to convey ice down to the European continental cities. "Ideas," says he, "the rail has made the everlasting frozen glaciers and cataracts, articles of merchandise. As the quarries in the mountains are worked by the art and spirit of man, so the icebergs that have grown from age to age, and scarcely seem to melt at all, are cut into blocks and transported by rail to Paris. The glacier of Grindelwald is drunk in brandy punches at the Grand Hotel and the Louvre. To get the ice, these mighty frozen seas are excavated in galleries, chambers and magnificent saloons. The depths of snow on the surface exclude the sunbeam, but sulphur lights shed a brilliant flare reflected as from a thousand mirrors of glass, and in small apartments fitted up for the purpose, the furniture of a well appointed parlor invites to cold but not inhospitable repose.

An agent of an Illinois fire insurance company was arrested at Ottumwa, Iowa, a few days since, for violating the State laws which require foreign companies to have authority from the State Auditor to do business in that State, under a penalty of one thousand dollars fine, and imprisonment.

Mrs. Guthrie, the woman who last week attempted to kill her children and herself at Des Moines, now refuses to eat, and says she will starve herself to death.

Masonic Notices.

ATTENTION, SIR KNIGHTS.

Stated Conclave of CHICAGO COMMANDERY, NO. 19, This (Monday) Evening, at 7½ o'clock p. m. By order E. C.

E. CLARENCE HUBBARD, Recorder.

Society Meetings.

IRISH CANADIANS ATTENTION.—[illegible]

PATRICK MOLONEY. [illegible]

Clothing.

J. STETTHEIMER & CO.,

74 and 76 Lake-st.

CLOSING OUT!

Having determined to close our Chicago House, we are now ready to offer our ENTIRE STOCK, consisting of

Clothing, Beavers, Cloths,

DOESKINS, COATINGS,

CASSIMERES, TRIMMINGS,

&c., amounting to $150,000, at prices

Much Below Cost or Present Value.

[illegible] FOURTH DAY OF DECEMBER [illegible]

46 White-st., New York,

[illegible]

J. STETTHEIMER & CO., 74 and 76 Lake-st.

N. B.—To CASH BUYERS, in particular, we will make great concessions.

ARMY CLOTHING.

Wholesale and Retail.

2,500 Overcoats,
3,000 Frock Coats,
2,500 Jackets,
3,000 Blouses,
3,000 Blankets, &c.

FRED. L. FAKE,

201 and 203 South Water-st.

Consignments.

HOPS.—We invite examination of a consignment of

UNUSUALLY CHOICE HOPS,

Just received from Wisconsin.

HAZLETT, KELLEY & CO., 256 South Water-st.

BUTTER! BUTTER! BUTTER

Apples! Apples! Apples!

100 Kegs Apple Butter. 2,000 Brls Winter Apples. In store and for sale by DEAN, SON & CO., 16 Dearborn-st.

Newspapers.

GIVEN AWAY!—A $60 Wheeler & Wilson Family Sewing Machine for Twenty-five New subscribers to the WESTERN RURAL. [illegible] H. N. F. LEWIS, 164 and 166 Randolph-st., Chicago, Ill.

Phrenology.

J. W. STRONG, of New York, THE PHRENOLOGIST,

[illegible]

Office Hours—8 to 12 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m.

Temple of Music.

PIANOS.

CHICKERING

PIANOS, for sale at Reed's Temple of Music, 88 Randolph-st. Pianos, Organs and Melodeons furnished upon payment of a small amount down, and balance in monthly payments.

Physiognomy.

"THE FACE—THE MIND."

PROF. JAMES WALKER,

THE PHYSIOGNOMIST,

Gives Descriptions of Character and Business Capacities each afternoon and evening at his offices [illegible]

Railroads.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company will be held at No. 5 [illegible] MONDAY, THE THIRD DAY OF DECEMBER, 1866, [illegible] HAMILTON A. HILL, Secretary. Boston, November 1, 1866.

Financial.

NOTICE.—C. Holland, Secretary's warrant, No. 126, for $25, on Josiah Lombard, Esq., Treasurer, Fifth National Bank, Chicago, payable to Charles Holland or order, and endorsed on the back. Bankers and others are warned against purchasing or receiving the above warrant, as it has been stolen, and will not be paid.

MONEY TO LOAN.

$10,000 to $20,000 for Loan,

On from five to ten years' time, on City Property. A. J. AVERILL, No. 7 Metropolitan Block.

Wholesale Cloth Houses.

KIMBALL,

STEVENS

& COMP'Y.

WHOLESALE

CLOTH

HOUSE

64 & 66

MICHIGAN-AV.

Machinery.

TO WOOLLEN MANUFACTURERS.

WOOLLEN MACHINERY.

E. C. CLEVELAND & CO.,

JUNCTION SHOP, WORCESTER, MASS.

[illegible]

Worcester, Mass., Oct. 22, 1866. [illegible]

Brushes.

CHICAGO BRUSH CO.

OFFICE AND SALESROOM,

NO. 10 DEARBORN-ST.

Jobbers' Trade ONLY Solicited.

Factories at 13 North Halsted-st., Chicago, and Michigan City, Ind.

Business Notices.

NOTICE—To Merchants and others [illegible]

Wood and Coal.

COAL! COAL!

Holbrook & Parker,

DEALERS IN

LACKAWANA COAL,

ALL SIZES.

LEHIGH COAL,

LUMP AND PREPARED.

BLOSSBURGH COAL,

MORRIS RUN.

ILLINOIS COAL,

BEST IN MARKET.

ERIE AND BRIAR HILL COAL.

Office and Yard,

Corner of Kingsbury and Indiana-sts.

Orders received through the mail will receive prompt attention.

Post Office Drawer 5817.

CHICAGO

COAL CO.

OFFICE AND YARD,

CARROLL-ST.,

(Between North Market and Kingsbury-sts.)

ILLINOIS COAL,

BEST IN MARKET.

LACKAWANA COAL,

ALL SIZES.

LEHIGH COAL,

ALL SIZES.

BRIAR HILL COAL—ORMSBY COAL.

All orders sent to office, or addressed to us through Post Office, promptly filled.

P. O. Drawer 6030. S. S. WILLIAMS.

Real Estate.

COAL AND OTHER LANDS.

FOR SALE, 320 ACRES

COAL LAND,

[illegible] At Sherman House, Nov. 12th and 13th [illegible]

Snow Powder.

SNOW POWDER

Patented May 29, 1866.

[illegible]

HOWE & STEVENS

260 BROADWAY, BOSTON.

Also, Manufacturers of Family Dye Colors.

For sale by Grocers and Dealers everywhere.

Gas Fixtures.

PETERSON & PATTERSON,

GAS FIXTURES,

88 WASHINGTON-ST.

Insurance.

CHICAGO BRANCH

OF THE

Liverpool And London And Globe

INSURANCE COMPANY.

CASH CAPITAL AND ASSETS [illegible]

INVESTED IN THE UNITED STATES [illegible]

Stockholders personally responsible for the engagements of the Company.

[illegible]

WARREN & KNIGHT, General Agents.

W. WARREN, Resident Manager. Office 84 LaSalle-st., Room 11, first floor.

Silver Plating.

SILVERINE

FOR

Instantaneously Silver Plating

ARTICLES OF

Brass, Copper, German Silver, &c.,

[illegible]

HOWE & STEVENS,

MANUFACTURERS, BOSTON, MASS.

Hardware, Stoves, &c.

HIBBARD & SPENCER,

IMPORTERS OF

Hardware and Tinplate,

62 Lake-St.,

CORNER OF STATE-ST.,

CHICAGO.

WM. G. HIBBARD. F. F. SPENCER.

HOT AIR

FURNACES.

BARSTOW'S

Cooking Range.

BARSTOW'S

New Cook Stove,
Crusader Cook,
New Evening Light Parlor,
Laundry and Taylor Stoves,
Registers and Ventilators,

AT

BANGS BROTHERS,

82 Monroe-st., Chicago,

WESTERN AGENTS.

NOTICE,

[illegible] Builders' Hardware, Cutlery, [illegible]

To Rent.

TO RENT.

STEAM POWER.

[illegible]

Drugs and Medicines.

A Few Words of Common Sense.

How few there are who are not subject to some affection of the lungs or respiratory organs, who, by neglecting premonitory symptoms, aggravate the complaint, until disease brings on death, causing unutterable torture of the patient, and anxiety and distress to friends. "Only a cold!" "A slight sore throat!" is the heedless remark of many when so afflicted. Yes; "Only a cold," was the thoughtless expression of thousands whose death has atoned for it.

Forewarned—Forearmed! should be the motto [illegible] in the minds of all subject to Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, or Influenza. Words of advice should be heeded by all suffering from Asthma, Bronchitis, Consumption. Relief is within their reach; and, if neglected, fatal consequences ensue—a life of misery—a daily, hourly struggle for existence. A contest in which there can be but one victor—Death!

Does it not appal the strongest mind to think of the result caused by neglect? Then why delay? What excuse can be offered, when timely warning is sounded in your ears? When the *Remedy* is pointed out, why not avail it? MAIMSEN'S PECTORAL BALM has been used with success in nearly a million of cases, and is endorsed by the Medical Faculty as the most prompt and efficacious remedy that scientific research has discovered, to relieve and cure all cases of Coughs, Colds, Influenza, and Consumption, if the case is not beyond all hope. Even when the sufferer is in the last stages, he will find relief by using this preparation. Our position will convince the most incredulous, that the merits of this preparation are by no means exaggerated; in fact—fall far short of the eulogies bestowed upon it by thousands who have been cured by its timely use. A guarantee accompanies each bottle, and testers are instructed in every instance to refund the money, when this preparation fails to relieve.

Prepared by T. W. MAIMSEN, 487 Broadway, New York, and for sale by all Druggists. Price, $1 per bottle. BURNHAM & VAN SCHAACK, Wholesale Druggists, Chicago, Ill., General Agents for the Northwest. For sale by SMITH & DWYER, [illegible]

USE STARIN'S CELEBRATED

Condition Powders

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE. It cures Coughs, Colds, Distempers and Hide-bound. [illegible] BURNHAM & VAN SCHAACK, Wholesale Druggists, Chicago, Ill., Agents for the Northwest.

Business Cards.

TAYLOR & MATTISON,

COMMISSION,

Forwarding and Produce Merchants. The best City Storage for 10,000 tons. Provisions inspected and stored on short notice. FLANDERS BLOCK, Opp. Mich. Cent. Freight Depot, Chicago, Ill.

FAIRBANK, PECK & CO.,

No. 134 South Water Street, Chicago,

Manufacturers of

LARD AND TALLOW OILS,

STEARIC LIGHTS,

Vaxeme and Tallow Candles

General Dealers in Lubricating and Burning Oils.

CASH PAID FOR

O. I. C.

Newspapers, Pamphlet and Waste Paper of all kinds, [illegible] Stock called for in the city. A. E. PETTIBONE & CO., 104 Dearborn-st., opposite the Tremont.

Cotton Yarn.

COTTON YARN.

JOSHUA RHODES & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

KING & PENNOCK,

In the ownership of the

Eagle Cotton Mills, of Pittsburgh,

[illegible]

Eagle Sheeting,

Eagle Cotton Yarn,

Wick and Twine,

[illegible]

BOWEN BROTHERS,

19 & 21 LAKE-ST.

Fancy Goods.

HITCHCOCK & ENDICOTT,

63 South Water-st., Chicago, Ill.,

Wholesale Dealers in all kinds of

BRUSHES,

Druggists' and Grocers' Goods, Yankee Notions, Fancy Hardware, Toilet Soaps, Leather Goods, Pocket Books, Canned Fruits and Oysters, Blacking, Stove Polish, Curry Combs, Curry Cards, Horse Brushes, Feather Dusters.

UNIVERSAL SAFETY MATCHES,

[illegible]

We are also Agents for

PEORIA STARCH CO.,

KEYSTONE FLINT GLASS WORKS.

For Sale.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

SHEEP FOR SALE,

AT A BARGAIN.

150 Thorough-Bred Ewes,
25 Thorough-Bred Imported Rams,

From the most celebrated flocks in Addison County, Vermont, and Ontario and Livingston Counties, New York, will be on sale [illegible] Nov. 19th to the 28th, at Lasher Hay Press,

281 WEST MADISON-ST., CHICAGO.

E. S. ASHLEY.

FOR SALE.

Valuable Copper Mining Lands

ON LAKE SUPERIOR.

The undersigned is authorized to sell these lands, which are among the best on Lake Superior. [illegible] GEO. H. HOBBY.

Farming Lands.

ALL WANTING FARMS—Good Farm [illegible] VINELAND [illegible] Address CHAS. K. LANDIS, Proprietor, Vineland, New Jersey. [illegible]

Confectionery.

128 DEARBORN-ST.

JAMES C. SIMM,

WHOLESALE MANUFACTURER OF

Strictly Pure Candies of all kinds, and Sugar Toys for Holiday Trade.

128 Dearborn-st., Chicago, Ill.

Orders from the country promptly attended to.

Hay and Cotton Presses.

THE ROLLER

HAY AND COTTON PRESS.

First Premium and Medal awarded at the Illinois and New York State Fairs, 1866. [illegible] COLTON, WASTE & BRO., Galesburg, Ill.

To Agents.

AGENTS—DO YOU WANT TO MAKE MONEY? [illegible] EDGAR & CAVAN, No. 95 Maiden Lane, New York.

New Publications

NEW WORK.

[illegible]

Partnership.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—I have this day associated with me JAMES D. MATTISON, [illegible] TAYLOR & MATTISON. J. S. TAYLOR.

S. H. KERFOOT & CO.

[illegible]

FROM ST. PAUL

FRAUDULENT VOTES

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

FROM MEXICO.

LAKE DISASTERS.

FROM QUINCY, ILL.

FROM NEW YORK.

THE RUSSIAN AMERICAN TELEGRAPH.

BALTIMORE.

FROM ST. LOUIS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

FROM ILLINOIS.

FROM LAFAYETTE.

CLEVELAND.

THE PRESIDENT ON THE ELECTIONS.

FROM EUROPE.

Our London Letter.

THE COLLEGES.

THE NEXT LEGISLATURE.

Arctic.
VEGETABLE

REMEDIES.

Financial.
LEHMAN & KLEEBY,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
20 Broad-st., New York.
MERCHANTS' UNION EXPRESS,
WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH,

Educational.
GRAHAM SEMINARY,

Transportation.
ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters

Appetizing Properties of Hop Bitters

Hostetter's Bitters

LADIES IN DELICATE HEALTH

A WORD TO CONVALESCENTS

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS

HOSTETTER'S
STOMACH BITTERS!

CAUTION.
The Government Endorsement

Paper Collars.
THE UNIVERSAL PAPER COLLARS
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
The Universal Paper Collars

Steamers Lyras.
COMMISSION HOUSE OF
HUTCHINSON & CO.

GENT. HATTER & CO.,
Wholesale Commission Merchants,
No. 169 MONROE, Merchants,

City Notices.
COLLECTOR'S OFFICE.
COLLECTOR'S NOTICE—Sheriff's

Special Notices.
Dr. Jaynes,
Dr. Tichenor,
Dr. Tichenor,
Dr. Tichenor,
A Valuable Medicine.
Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic
Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic
Dr. Tichenor's Antiseptic

Chicago Tribune.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1866.

THE CITY.

ALPHA DELTA PHI.—All members of the Alpha Delta Phi Fraternity who have not received personal invitations, are requested to attend a social reunion to be held Monday evening, November 12, at No. 463 Michigan avenue, corner of Fourteenth street.

VAGRANCY.—Edward Fitzgerald and John Kennedy were each fined $50 at the Police Court on Saturday morning for vagrancy, the fines being suspended a short time, to give them an opportunity to get back into the paths of honest industry.

GYMNASTIC CLUB.—The sum of two thousand dollars has at last been subscribed to the establishment of the Metropolitan Gymnastic Club, and is now in the hands of the treasurer. A meeting will be held this evening in the Circuit Court Room to adopt a constitution and elect officers.

PETTY STEALING.—One colored youth and three white lads broke into Andrew Miller's barn on Sangamon street, on Friday last, and stole some clothing and a number of small articles. They were arrested and brought before the Police Court Saturday morning and held as candidates for the Reform School.

A ROLL OF CLOTH.—On Friday John L. Fuller, actuated by dishonest motives, seized a roll of water-proof cloth, worth about $70, from in front of a store at No. 88 State street, and ran off with it. He was subsequently arrested by Detective Kelley, and upon being brought before Justice Sturtevant, Saturday morning, was committed to the Recorder's Court for trial in bail of $1,000.

PRAISEWORTHY.—The Evansville (Ind.) *Journal* says: "On Monday, as a couple of ladies were walking along one of our streets, one of them dropped a pocket-book, containing about two hundred dollars in money. The book was found by Mr. R. J. Brish, travelling agent for the Chicago Manufacturing Company, and was restored to its owner. The gentleman, of course, received the hearty thanks of the ladies."

JOSEPH GRAY.—The case of Joseph Gray, charged with larceny, was again before Justice Sturtevant on Saturday morning. The details were published in these columns two or three days since. Joseph was ostensibly a map peddler, and strangely coincident with the fact of his leaning over the counter of a grocery store on Archer road, when no one else was present, the alarm lock of the drawer pealed forth a startling summons. [illegible] officer was changed to a mild [illegible] and he was fined $10.

GERMAN WINES.—Messrs. Schmidt & Cramer, No. 63 North Clark street, have just received a large consignment of the most celebrated German wines, warranted pure. They have also been recently appointed sole agents for the De St. Marceaux & Co. Rheims champagne, an article which connoisseurs pronounce to be superior to the well known Mumm. As wholesale dealers in their own raised Ohio Catawba wines, sparkling Catawba brandies, importers of Rhine wines, lares and champagne, Messrs. Schmidt & Cramer, are well known and largely patronized.

DETECTIVE LANSING.—We copied a few weeks ago an item from a St. Louis paper, chronicling the arrest of "one Charles Lansing" (late connected with the detective department of this city,) on a charge of attempting to pass himself off as a police officer. It seems that Mr. Lansing was engaged in working up a case for the American Express Company, at St. Louis, and in the discharge of his duty visited Memphis, New Orleans, Mobile, Texas and Mexico. In consequence [illegible] [illegible] till recently. He has now proven his innocence, showing his authority to act as a detective. The charge fell to the ground.

FELL DEAD.—Matthew Horner, [illegible] carpenter by trade, who resided at No. 280 West [illegible] street, fell dead on Saturday morning about [illegible] o'clock while passing the corner of Halsted [illegible] and West Harrison streets. It is stated that [illegible] two years ago the deceased had such business [illegible] trouble with a real estate agent in this city [illegible] [illegible] ... He had been in a state of intoxication all day Friday. His sudden death [illegible] [illegible] indulgence in [illegible]. He leaves a wife and three children.

RUNAWAY.—About half-past 12 o'clock on Saturday afternoon, a horse and wagon was being driven by Mr. Fox, of Messrs. Fox & Howard, along Clark street. When near the Sherman House the bolt fell out of the reach of the wagon, [illegible] the horse away with the forward wheels of the wagon box. Mr. Fox was thrown violently to the ground, but sustained no serious injuries. The horse was stopped at Madison street.

DISMISSED.—The case of the United States against Lill Diversy, which has been on hearing for some weeks, before Mr. Commissioner Hoyne, was yesterday dismissed. It will be remembered the parties were charged with a violation of the Internal Revenue law, in manufacturing and selling whiskey without license. The [illegible] ... made prior to the passage of the law.

SHOOTING AFFRAY.—Yesterday afternoon about three o'clock a group of boys were standing in front of the Railroad Mission Chapel on Griswold street, between Van Buren and Harrison, when two colored young men approached, probably under the influence of liquor, and jostled against them. An altercation ensued when the colored boy, David Washington, drew a revolver and fired, the shot taking effect upon a boy named Augustus Edward, inflicting a considerable, though not fatal wound in the forehead. Washington and his companion, John R. W. Collins, were arrested by officer Lyons and taken to the Armory. A revolver was found upon the latter, but the one which was fired was not found, it having been thrown away. Washington is but seventeen years of age. Collins is ten years older. The assault appears to have been entirely unprovoked.

PERSONAL.—Hon. John Walters, M. P., the principal proprietor of the London *Times*, whose arrival in this city we mentioned on Saturday morning, spent a portion of the day, at the residence of Lieut. Gov. Bross. In company with his host, Mr. [illegible], the artist, and Mr. Walters, Jr., he, on Saturday, visited the Board of Trade, where he was courteously received by the Secretary, Mr. Beatty. After a pleasant hour spent in the circle of our commercial men, the party went to the Union Stock Yards, where they ... Returning to the city, the offices of the Land Department of the Illinois Central Railroad Company were visited. Here, Mr. Walters inspected the specimens of soil ... and listened with interest to a short sketch of the characteristics of our State. The party attended the concert of the Philharmonic Society in the evening as the guests of the Directors. ...

AN EDITOR'S FAUX PAS.—Under the heading of "A Joke on Seymour," the La Crosse *Republican* has the following; it is worth circulating:

"During the campaign just closed in this county, for several evenings before election joint discussions were held [illegible] Democrats and Republicans participated, and it was customary for them before commencing to "odd and even" for the opening and closing remarks. The meetings were protracted to a late hour ... at No. [illegible] La Crosse, on Saturday evening at 11 o'clock. On Sunday morning, tired and sleepy, the Senior editor of the *Republican*, as is his custom, [illegible] ... he proceeded to church, and before the service commenced, fell asleep. At the opening exercises he suddenly aroused, jumped up, and thrusting out a doubled fist with a bill in it, shouted out:

"I propose to odd and even to see whether I open the discussion, or we do!"

"It is unnecessary to remark that as soon as the dominie came to a [illegible] sense of the situation he subsided."

THE GARROTING CASE.—Patrick Comford, charged with garroting Mrs. Tenbrook on Friday night, the 2d instant, the general details of which have been heretofore published in these columns, was arraigned for final examination on Saturday afternoon. The charge of intent to commit robbery was withdrawn and the case was presented as disorderly. The physician attending Mrs. Tenbrook certified that the lady received severe bruises on the left hip and back, and that her throat was swollen. She had not been well for a number of years and was very nervous. In a state of perfect health she would not have been seriously injured by the rough treatment she received. It appeared from the testimony that Comford had a few minutes previously, in company with one or two others, been drinking in Watson's saloon on Wells street, and had been in a dispute with Mrs. W. regarding the amount of the score. The gin he had taken, it was alleged by his counsel, made him crazy drunk, and when we consider the character of that article, as sold in most saloons in this city it was not a matter of wonder. It was also intimated that Comford intended to garrote Mrs. Watson and not Mrs. Tenbrook, as he had an ill feeling towards the former lady and none at all against the latter. Comford was fined $100—the full extent of the law.

THE WORK ON WEST RANDOLPH STREET.—The undertaking of filling up and paving the impassable abyss that for some distance west of the bridge constitutes Randolph street, still drags its slow length along, with the prospect of being completed about as soon as the great Hoosac Tunnel in Massachusetts, that is to say at an exceeding remote and uncertain period. The unfortunate dwellers along its shores can console themselves with the thought that their descendants will some day rejoice in a noble thoroughfare ... [illegible]

The pavement has been laid as far as Clinton street, leaving but two blocks, though the worst of the whole, to be done. ... [illegible]

A FATAL FALL.—Another sudden death occurred in this city on Saturday night, to add to the list of casualties resulting from the unfinished state in which buildings are often left. The cellar for the Young Men's Christian Association building, on Madison street, between Clark and La Salle, has been dug out, extending entirely under the sidewalk ... [illegible]

DESTRUCTIVE CONFLAGRATION.

TWO LARGE FIRES IN THE WEST DIVISION.

A Large Dry House Burned, With 65,000 Feet of Lumber.

Great Fire on Canal Street—A Number of Machine Shops, Etc., Destroyed—Workmen Left Without Employment.

TOTAL LOSS $161,000—SMALL INSURANCE.

At a quarter before five o'clock on Saturday morning an alarm of fire was sounded from box 67, and, with its usual promptness, the Fire Department hastened to the spot indicated, when it was discovered that a fire had broken out in the large lumber dry-house belonging to Alderman S. J. Russell, situated on Carroll street, between Desplaines and Jefferson. The building was filled with lumber in process of seasoning for manufacturing purposes. The exact cause of the fire has not as yet been ascertained. The watchman first discovered the flames on the roof of the establishment. He gave an immediate alarm, but the dryness of the material caused the flames to spread rapidly. Sixty-six thousand feet of lumber was stowed away in the building. In the kilns were large fires at the time, and they, no doubt, were the origin of the fire.

THE DRY HOUSE

was a large two and one-half story building which rested on a stone foundation, and was built in a more substantial manner than are such buildings generally. The kilns in the dry house were among the largest in the country. A few feet in the rear stood the large planing mill of Alderman Russell. This the firemen saved. But they accomplished a greater work in saving Mr. Boyd's establishment, a wooden building located in close proximity to the burning dry house.

LOSSES.

The following men are losers by the fire:

S. J. Russell, 55,000 feet of lumber, valued at $8,000.

L. L. Greenleaf, 2,500 feet of lumber, valued at $125.

Smith & Bishop, 4,000 feet of black walnut, valued at $150.

Phillips & Liebenstein, 5,600 feet of lumber, valued at $150.

R. E. Robinson, 5,000 feet of white oak, valued at $150.

The total amount of lumber in the building amounts to sixty-six thousand and five hundred feet, valued at seven thousand and eighty-five dollars. The building and kiln were valued at three thousand dollars, making ten thousand dollars. There was no insurance on either the building or its contents, being of that class of property deemed [illegible] at doubt, and consequently not insurable.

FIRE ON CANAL STREET.

One of the most destructive conflagrations occurred in this city on Saturday morning which has transpired for many months, resulting in the entire pecuniary ruin of a number of our business men, and great financial loss and embarrassment to many others, from the proprietor to the employe. The burned buildings were located on Canal and Washington streets, extending from the agricultural works of Henry Taylor on Canal street to the corner of Washington, and thence west to a point a little beyond the alley. The buildings were all of wood, some of them of considerable age, and rested upon stone foundations. One or two had recently been raised on "stilts," and to this circumstance, doubtless, is owing the fact that the flames were kept within the boundaries of the buildings but a very few minutes after the fire had begun.

The fire was first discovered about nine o'clock by a fireman who was passing along the east side of Canal street. He observed smoke issuing from the roof of Wisdom & Son's planing mill, which covers Nos. 41, 43 and 45 Canal street, and watching it but a few seconds was startled to notice that quiet, creeping little flames were following the smoke. He instantly gave the alarm, and but a few moments later the bells were sounding for boxes seventy-six and seventy-eight. Unfortunately most of the steamers were at the time busily engaged in extinguishing the flames of the Carroll street fire, and consequently some delay attended their arrival in response to the new alarm; and when the first engine had reached the scene of destruction the fire had made very rapid progress, extending both North and South. The occupants of the premises had exerted every effort to save their property, but the fiery element was rolling ... Some, indeed, experienced much difficulty in escaping from the burning buildings. The fire was supposed to have originated in the engine room of Wisdom & Sons' factory, where a large pile of shavings ... In the shortest time imaginable the whole room was ignited and fire was king of the hour. The flames once having gained the open air at the roof of the building, at once increased in volume, and quickly leaped along the roof and down the sides, beating other buildings and burning them. The building of H. H. Taylor caught fire several times, but through the circumstance of the buildings previously in flames having fallen, and the heroic exertions of the firemen, the establishment was saved. Canal street at this point is being "raised" to the Nicholson pavement, and is in a most wretched condition for travel. Washington street is in a similar condition, owing to the excavations already made upon the tunnel. It is reported that one of the steamers became so helplessly stuck in the mud near the corner of Canal and Washington streets that it required the united efforts of all the men that could bring their strength to bear on the vehicle to lift it so that the horses might pull it through. The scene on the street was an exciting one. ... [illegible]

The owners and occupants of the buildings destroyed, so far as can be ascertained, are as follows:

The building at the corner of Canal and Washington streets, Nos. 37 and 39, was rented by the Chicago Scale Company, for the manufacture of scales. A three-story building in the rear was also owned and occupied by the same company, which consisted of J. B. Allen and W. H. Collins.

Nos. 41, 43 and 45 Canal street was owned and occupied by Wm. Wisdom and Sons, as a planing mill and manufactory for sash, doors and blinds.

No. 27 was a job machine shop occupied by J. C. Preble & Co.

No. 29 was a shed used by P. W. Gates, of the Eagle Iron Works, for the storage of manufactured castings and old iron.

A portion of the second story of Preble & Co.'s machine shop was rented by J. A. Foreman, for the manufacture of iron-clad burr mill stones.

The upper part of the planing establishment of Wisdom & Sons was occupied by Jonas Morton as a turning shop.

Beecher & Co. occupied the upper story of No. 47 for the manufacture and repair of threshing machines.

Nos. 26 and 28 on Washington street was occupied as a box factory by Messrs. Cobb & Co.

Nos. 34 and 36 was a machine shop occupied by L. B. and J. H. Walker. In the rear of these premises, on the alley, La Barr & Bortree had a bed mill, and Glassbrook & Walker a foundry.

The following is a summary of losses and insurance, which is believed to be nearly correct:

LOSSES AND INSURANCES.

Wm. Wisdom & Son lose about $25,000, which is partially insured as follows:

Illinois Mutual	$2,000
Garden City	1,000
Yonkers, N. Y.	750
Sangamo	750
Peoria	2,000
Equitable, Chicago	1,000
Lorillard, N. Y.	1,000
Resolute, N. Y.	500
Exchange, N. Y.	500
American, Providence	1,000
Equitable, Providence	1,000
Total insurance	$11,150

L. B. & J. H. Walker estimate their loss at $10,000, on which was the following insurance:

Norwich, Conn.	$1,000
Massasoit, Springfield, Mass.	1,000
Narraganset, Providence	1,000
Home, New Haven	1,000
Irving, N. Y.	2,000
Total insurance	$6,000

Chicago Scale Co. Loss some $30,000. No insurance.

L. J. Cobb, planing mill. Loss $5,000. No insurance.

Estate of Voorman Becker. Loss $10,000. No insurance. A policy for $5,000 on this property expired a day or two ago and had not been renewed. The books and papers were also consumed.

Glassbrook & Co., foundry. Loss perhaps $1,000.

E. Preble considers his loss on lathe, &c., $12,000, on which was the following insurance:

Commercial	$1,000
Republic, Philadelphia	1,000
Protection	1,000
Total insurance	$3,000

The following named parties had lumber in the mills to be planed, on which there was no insurance:

E. F. Graves, in Cobb's Mill	$150
Ballard & Co., in Cobb's Mill	200
Noble & Co., in Wisdom's Mill	100
Adams & Co., in Wisdom's Mill	100
Total	$550

This is the amount of lumber, from a rough estimate, by the above mentioned owners.

Becker & Co., (no insurance) loss	$2,000
J. Masterson, (no insurance) loss perhaps	1,000
LaBar & Bortree, (no insurance) loss about	1,000
Jonas Foreman, (fully insured) loss	1,000
P. W. Gates, (no insurance) loss	1,000
Dr. Sawyer, (fully insured) loss on building	[illegible]

The above figures give an aggregate loss of $[illegible], and other items not stated will probably bring it up to fully one hundred thousand dollars, to say nothing of the great damage resulting from the suspension of business, and the throwing out of employment of so many workmen.

The amount of insurance ascertained is but $20,150, or only about one-quarter of the loss.

Official Returns of South Chicago.

The ballots cast for town officers in South Chicago, at the late election, were canvassed on Saturday by Justices Milliken and DeWolf, in the office of the latter. The following is the result: The first column of figures shows the vote cast for the successful candidate, (Republican in each case), the second column gives the vote cast for his opponent, and the last column gives the Republican majority:

[illegible]			

ALLEGED LARCENY.—Patrick Gilroy and James McDonald, two lads each about sixteen years old, were brought before Justice Milliken yesterday afternoon, charged with larceny. The complaining witness was Mrs. Ellen Ann Walter, colored, who is a servant at the residence of Dr. Brown, No. 11 [illegible] court. She alleged that on the 25th of October those trunks containing bed clothing and wearing apparel belonging to her, were taken from a house on ... and ... they were seen in the vicinity about four or five o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, and passed out of the alley with a large bundle. She did not miss the goods until the evening, and she caused the boys to be arrested on suspicion. Gilroy and McDonald denied any knowledge, and said they could prove that they were at work elsewhere on that day. The case was continued until Tuesday morning, $500 bail being required of each lad.

THE SKATING SEASON.

Preparations for the Reign of the Frost King.

The approach of winter makes evident the necessity of preparing for winter amusements. As Jack Frost hardens the earth, covers it with his mantle, pure and white, and stills the rippling of the waters with his icy covering, man and woman with the skill of the Genii prepare lest they be robbed of their pleasures for a season. Few are the out-door amusements which can be participated in during the winter. Sleighing and skating embrace about all.

Skating is comparatively a new enjoyment, as participated in by the general public. Look ten years back and you will find that skating parks and skating rinks were only dreamed of. Skating was done only by those living in the cold climates, who were compelled to travel over great distances of ice, and by the school boy let loose from his prison study room. The fleetness of the skater, the sturdy limb, and healthful bloom, instilled in the minds of others a desire to participate in the pleasure. To-day nearly every family has its several pair of skates. Each member thereof has his or her skating cap and suit, while a great rivalry exists as to who excels in grace and speed. The perfection to which some have attained in the art of skating is truly wonderful. For a man to carve his name with his iron-clad feet equal in taste and beauty to the professional penman, is a feat belonging only to the nineteenth century. Some skaters skate backward better than forward; to the right or left the same; and in as many ways as a gymnast or dancer can twist his limbs. There are an immense number of different styles of skates. The purchaser can bear testimony to this fact as he finds himself puzzled in choosing a style of skate which will be the best. From the corn stalk or corn cob tied to the sole of the urchin's boot, to the silver-plated rocker, every grade may be found. Mulligans, rockers, clubs, grooved, guttered, are manufactured in abundance. And each variety has its admirers. The exercise of skating is one of the most healthful, if not the most healthful, in which our American people indulge. The feet clad with heavy, warm pair of boots, garments loose about the person, with head and limbs properly protected, the chill of the weather can cause no injury. Skating relieves the lungs from all difficulties. It causes the nerves of nearly every muscle in the body to act in full, in bringing about a thorough circulation ... the system. Some dangers, certainly, attend the exercise. The verdant skater is liable to get a bumped head and sore stare, the adept may trip, or collide, thus gaining a fall; but they are only temporary reverses, and serve to show how pleasant is the sport to those that escape. Other leagues attend the practice, but Chicago and other cities have guarded against them in the construction of parks and rinks, where the skater may be sheltered from the chilling winds or storms. Few cities equal Chicago in its parks and rinks. The city with no natural ponds is bound from necessity to supply the want by artificial means. The broad lake, the pride of the Northwest, the river dividing the city in its three Divisions, form only a retreat for venturesome youths who would lead their companions difficult "laddies," while to supply the demand of the more careful and aristocratic, parks and rinks had to be built. In the city there are three skating parks and two rinks, owned by stock companies, with one exception. Each of these five institutions has been improved every season since their organization, and to-day they are far superior to what they were during the last winter. A short review of each may be of interest.

THE CENTRAL SKATING PARK

is situated on Twenty-second street, and extends from Wabash to Michigan avenue. Seven thousand dollars have been expended on the grounds to bring it to its present state of perfection. The buildings, which were destroyed by fire, have been rebuilt and are now added. The main building, measuring 50x30, contains the office, a splendid reception room, and rooms for coats, skates, &c. Another building measuring 50x20, is exclusively for ladies and their escorts, and is furnished with everything that luxury and taste could suggest. A new assortment of solid plate glasses and elegant upholstery, etc., are among the late additions. The third building, standing a short distance from the two main ones, is intended for a refreshment and smoking room, with a place of retirement for men and boys. Refreshment stands will be opened in the building, and be supplied with anything to satisfy the ordinary wants of man.

REGULATIONS.

The Park will be opened during the season (Sundays excepted) from 9 a. m. to 11 a. m.; 1 p. m. to 6 p. m.; and in the evening from 7 to 10. Moonlight nights the time will be extended beyond 10.

SIGNALS.

Flags on the pole at the Park by day, and red lights by night, will give knowledge to all as to the state of the ice. State street and Indiana avenue cars will carry a placard every day during the season.

SKATES.

The skate room will be well stocked with ladies' and gentlemen's skates of the latest and best patterns, which will be rented at reasonable prices.

TICKETS.

Season tickets for ladies	$3.00
Season tickets for gentlemen	5.00
Boys thirteen years of age and under	4.00

Tickets may be had at Kinsley & Co.'s, 64 Lake street, J. H. Johnson's, corner of State and Randolph, and at Kinsley's Opera House.

LIGHT.

The Park this season will be brilliantly lighted with large lamps and reflectors, placed ten feet apart. By this means the managers hope to make the Park as light as day.

MUSIC.

One of the finest bands in the city has been engaged for the season, and music will be furnished every evening on which there is skating. The music is all arranged by Graffula, of the Seventh Regiment Band of New York, expressly for the Park.

Mr. Albert Dank has been engaged as Superintendent of the Park for the season. The management intend, during the season, to give a number of carnivals and social reunions, when extraordinary times may be expected.

WASHINGTON SKATING PARK,

situated on Randolph, between Sheldon and Ada streets, occupies the whole square and embraces five acres of land. The following is the officers for the present season:

President—George De Clercq.

Vice-President—Samuel Barnum.

Secretary—George D. Street.

Treasurer—M. D. Buchanan.

Directors—Samuel B. Raymond, U. R. Hawley, Dr. J. C. Fuller, George De Clercq, Samuel Barnum, George D. Street, M. D. Buchanan, H. C. Middaugh, Douglas Ely, A. S. Bailey, and George Mason.

Mr. H. D. Harris will continue in the office of Superintendent, and, with his five years' experience, it may be expected that the affairs of the Park will be well attended to. Mr. Harris will retain his subordinates, who have been in their respective places for a long time.

BUILDINGS.

The large building on the west side of the Park and fronting on Sheldon street, has been refitted and many improvements made. The restaurant on the first floor will be dispensed with and the room turned into a ladies' sitting-room. The second story, which in the past has been used for ... purposes, will be also ... for the members of the Association. A large restaurant will be opened in the room, where the visitors may supply themselves with the luxuries of the season.

THE PARK

has received no particular changes, but all is in readiness for the first freezing hour. The Park will be lighted by reflectors and calcium lights. The lack of sufficient light which occurred the last season will be abundantly remedied during the present season. A competent force of special police will be engaged who, dressed in citizens' clothes, may intermingle with the masses present, and protect them from the depredations of any rogues who may obtain entrance.

MUSIC.

The Great Western Light Guard Band has been engaged to perform in the Park every day on which there may be skating. The presence of this company of musicians will bring many who wish to hear their music, prepared for the occasion. The band will be stationed in the same position heretofore allotted them—in the centre of the park.

ADMISSION.

The prices of admission will remain the same as last season—$5 for gentlemen, and $3 for ladies and boys. From the season tickets a few evenings will be reserved for the purpose of giving benefit nights in aid of our charitable institutions in the city. The generosity of the Board of Directors in times past is worthy of all commendation. The use of the Park has always been tendered for benevolent objects, and the money taken by them on such occasions has always been plentiful.

OGDEN SKATING PARK,

situated on the lake shore, at the foot of Ontario street, remains about the same, no new changes having been made to our knowledge. For a long time this Park has been the resort of the first citizens in the North Division; immense congregations collecting each day. The Association in past winters have taken great pains to secure and keep good smooth ice. Good police arrangements will be made to maintain order, and protect the visitors from sharpers who may be present. The large shelter-houses for the use of spectators will still remain to protect the occupants from the howling winds. The management of the Park will remain the same as in the past, with the accustomed regard to the convenience of their patrons.

THE RINKS.

WABASH AVENUE SKATING RINK—is situated on Wabash avenue near Jackson street. The officers for the present year are:

President—S. J. Glover.

Vice-President—M. O'Brien.

Treasurer—N. N. West.

Secretary—C. A. Mair.

Managing Director—J. H. B. Harvey.

Directors—S. J. Glover, N. N. West, J. H. B. Harvey, N. H. Ovington, M. O'Brien, M. O. Walker, C. A. Mair, W. H. Fitch and F. R. Chandler.

The building, which has been in constant use during the summer, will be thoroughly overhauled. The ladies' rooms will be made more convenient for the lady and gentlemen visitors. Raised seats and galleries will be constructed around the entire skating pond, in order that those who do not participate in skating themselves may become joyful spectators.

REGULATIONS.

The Board of Directors have not as yet finally determined upon the plans for the season. The great demand for evening tickets no doubt will do away with the season tickets to a great degree. Good music may be expected daily at the Rink, rain or shine.

THE WEST SIDE SKATING RINK

is situated on Randolph street, the entrance being from Ada street. This is the only skating institution built during the year and its popularity yet remains to be established. The following are the officers for the ensuing year:

President—E. F. Hollister.

Vice President—G. Charles Smith.

Treasurer—J. W. Phelps.

Secretary—George H. [illegible].

Managing Director—J. H. Hervey.

Directors—F. A. Hoyne, G. Charles Smith, George E. Abers, Franklin Sawyer, Christ. Blackburn, E. F. Hollister, J. H. Hervey, J. H. Johnson, N. N. West, C. R. Larrabee, and J. E. Phillips.

BUILDING.

The building is entirely new, measuring one hundred and fifteen feet by one hundred and ninety-five. The main entrance is in the middle of the front. On entering one first finds a hall. On the right hand is the ticket office and coat room. ... is the gentlemen's sitting room, measuring thirty by fifteen feet. On the left of the entrance is a refreshment room; back of this is the ladies' sitting room, measuring thirty-five by fifteen feet. Each of the sitting rooms are to contain large stoves to warm the different visitors, and all the other conveniences of a sitting room. Directly over the entrance and sitting room is a large gallery measuring fifteen by one hundred and ten feet. This gallery gives a fine view of the whole rink. ... The whole rink, when completed will be $35,000, and the whole plan of the building reflects credit on the managing Director, who is the architect and superintendent.

LIGHTS.

The whole building will be lighted by a row of chandeliers in the middle, and bracket lights upon each side at a distance of ten feet apart. Around the band stand extra lights will be fixed. By day sufficient sunlight can be admitted through the large windows in the building ... will be made equally as light by the artificial means.

MUSIC.

The managing Director is now concluding the arrangements for one of the finest bands in the city for the season. Every day and night they will be present and discourse music ... will be stationed in the middle ... and in its being constructed ... for the whole building.

ADMISSION.

The building will be ready for use on the first ...

SIGHTS AND SMELLS.

The Streets and Scents of a City—Airs From the Country.

It is not strange that in a great commercial city dirt and rubbish should abound. The never-ending, endless improvements—the putting up and tearing down—serve to accumulate a mass of material, which, pounded into dust by the wheels of moving trade, are whirled along the busy streets, and then find lodgment only to be tracked again by the feet of the multitude. But the dust and dirt and rubbish of building operations is not all. That which is denominated garbage, the refuse of the cuisine or market, decayed animal and vegetable matter, helps to increase the store of filth which destroys the purity and cleanly aspect of a city. However busy the scavenger in plying his vocation, the mass still accumulates, until, like the Augean stables of classic lore, a herculean determination and application can alone remove it. These remarks may be recognized as general in connection with Chicago. The fact is palpably present to the eye of every citizen who treads our streets, as well as to the traveller who may pass through them. The elegantly attired lady adroitly adjusts her skirts to avoid, as far as possible, contact with [illegible] ... [illegible]

... Your familiarity with the definitions of the lexicographer would naturally lead you to suppose that the word in question signifies "a narrow passage or way in a city, as distinct from a public street." Very true, ... [illegible]

... breathe in with intoxicating joy the pure, unadulterated, fresh air, and thank Heaven most fervently there was one spot, at least, in this mighty city, freed from impurity.

AMUSEMENTS.

The past week has been an excellent one for the amusement loving public, and the occasions have been well improved. Every place of amusement has been exceedingly well patronized; generally the houses were of the overflowing order, and managers have been in ecstasies.

THE PHILHARMONIC CONCERT.—The Philharmonic Society commenced their season on Saturday evening with a pronounced musical success. In spite of the inclement weather, the audience was very large and an unusually appreciative one. The programme was eminently calculated to please all, and yet contained no bad music, and the various performers were received with a warmth and enthusiasm quite unusual among Philharmonic audiences.

Of course the principal attraction was Camille Urso, and as the little virtuoso came quietly and modestly upon the stage she was greeted with a hearty welcome, which she gracefully acknowledged, and without a change of her ... of unpretending ... she played Vieuxtemps' well known Ballad and Polonaise with such artistic skill and finish as to awaken almost as enthusiastic ... could not be denied, and she then played the "Last Rose," in a style which cannot but be pronounced absolutely perfect. The tone was pure, sweet, tender and delicate, but exquisitely ... [illegible] ... a triumph as Camille Urso.

Miss Dewey sustained the vocal part of the programme, singing an aria from "Beatrice di Tenda" and Proch's Tyrolean song, with horn obligato by Balser. In the first aria she was a little nervous, but ... received a handsome round of applause, which, in the close of the second air, developed into an unmistakable encore ... achieved quite a success by its smoothness of tone.

The orchestra played better and showed the results of very careful rehearsal ... for the first time here, and, if we mistake not, for the first time in this country, was very faithfully rendered ... The "Schiller March" provoked general enthusiasm by their excellent rendition. The orchestra, as it now stands, has first violins, six seconds and violas, [illegible] ... The brasses are toned down and in the unison passages of the allegro from the symphony did excellent work. The first violins have also gained an accession in a new player, who executes very neatly and smoothly.

The Society have inaugurated their season very brilliantly, and we trust that the public will second them in their future efforts to make the season a success. The engagement of Camille Urso, at heavy expense, is an earnest of their endeavors, and indicates that they are determined to leave nothing undone to make the season the most attractive in their history.

OPERA.—A letter from Max Strakosch, now in New Orleans with his opera troupe, informs us that he will be here on or about December 24, and give a short season of opera. His troupe embraces the following artists: Prima donnas Mme. Angiolini Ghioni and Mlle Pauline Canissa; Prima Donna Contralto, Madame Patti Strakosch; Primo Tenor, Signor Ettore Irfre and Signor Achille Errani; Primi Baritoni, Signor Giuseppe Sarti and Signor Antonucci; Primi Bassi, Signor Augustino Susini and Signor Colletti; Signora Ximenes and Chiesa, Tenor Comprimario; Signors Locatelli and Masolo, Basso Comprimario; Signora Parozzi and M'lle Chiesa, Second Donnas; Conductors and Musical Directors, Signor Sarti, Signor Colti, besides chorus and orchestra.

BENEFIT FOR THE QUEBEC SUFFERERS.—On Saturday evening, at Beethoven Hall, an entertainment was given in behalf of the sufferers by the recent disastrous fire at Quebec. The attendance was unfortunately a small one, owing doubtless to the unpropitious character of the weather, as well as the unusual attractions offered by the Philharmonic concert. The good intentions of the performers in thus voluntarily contributing their services, is none the less creditable, although in a pecuniary point of view, the benefit could hardly have been profitable. The performance consisted of exhibitions of gymnastic skill and exercises in military drill, and the duello with the sword, interspersed with excellent music. These exercises reflected great credit upon the performers, and were received with enthusiastic applause. They were given by members of the Turngemeinde, a society which has always been ready to proffer their services for benevolent objects.

MCVICKER'S THEATRE.—Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams commenced a star engagement here on Monday evening, of a profitable character. They have played to their ... [illegible] ... the benefit of "Barney," on Friday night, was a bumper. They continue here another week.

MUSEUM.—"The Avalanche" has been on the boards during the week and has been received nightly with such great favor that the management has concluded to present it again on Monday, and perchance one or two succeeding evenings. It is a terse composition, full of fine scenery and opportunities for good acting, which are well improved by the entire company.

On Friday evening next the popular McManus will take a benefit, which we trust will prove a benefit indeed.

YANKEE ROBINSON'S CIRCUS, which opened for the winter on Monday last, has already established itself as a popular institution. The building is the most commodious, and the company one of the most talented that could be desired. The comicalities of Lowlow, the clown, are probably the best ever heard in Chicago. The animal collection is one of rare interest, embracing more rare specimens than are usually brought under the notice of the Chicago people. The collection is not made up of such animals as are ordinarily brought under in menageries, but strikes out into a new field of research. Yankee Robinson's is a live circus, and must succeed, because it deserves success.

THE BUISLAY FAMILY of acrobats, pantomimists and athletes will open for one week on Monday evening, in the Opera House. Their performances are spoken of as being of extraordinary interest. The programme embraces the "spiral mountain," the "Niagara leap," the horizontal bar, ballet, tableaux, comic pantomime, &c.

Meteorological.

The following is the Meteorological Record of the week ending Saturday, November 10th, 1866, as kept by J. G. Langguth, Jr., Optician, No. 112 Randolph street. The temperature is taken in the shade. The direction and force of the winds are given approximately, with the barometric altitudes—the small letters being the initials of the words "high," "breeze," "gentle," "blowing," "rain," "snow," "moist atmosphere," and "dry."

[illegible]					

"PASSING THE RIVER."—The ancient magicians had a peculiar kind of writing which they called "passing the river," a typical, almost disused, ... the hidden character ... [illegible]

DARING BURGLARIES.

Two Houses Entered and Plundered.

On Saturday night, at the dead hour of between two and three o'clock, the marble front residences of two families on Michigan avenue, between Adams and Jackson streets, were entered by a bold and practised band of villains, and robbed of a large amount of valuables. The house first entered was that of John McGlashan Jr., Esq., No. 269. The entrance was effected through a rear window of the basement, by boring a hole, nearly half an inch in diameter, through the bottom of the upper sash in such a way that a rod could be introduced and the latch on the lower sash turned back, when the window could be raised. Entering the house, the thieves appropriated a number of articles of silver ware which chanced to be left there, the greater part of such property being locked up in closets below or up-stairs—the doors leading to the upper floor being securely bolted.

They succeeded, however, in getting the following named articles: A soup ladle, a pie knife, a butter knife, a cup, two salt spoons and six napkin rings—all the pieces but one being of solid silver, and worth about $100. They also helped themselves to champagne and mince pies, and after refreshing their ignoble bodies, wearied by the labor of their benevolent calling, departed with their acquisitions, without disturbing the slumber of a person in the house. They evidently had made a thorough search of the basement floor, as was indicated by dozens of matches lying about the rooms, which they had ignited to aid their search, not daring to light the gas. Mr. McGlashan considers himself very fortunate in escaping with so little loss, as if they had been able to get up stairs they could have obtained a much greater amount of property. A large travelling trunk, which had been placed temporarily in the front hall, contained between three thousand and four thousand dollars' worth of diamonds, and would alone have been a rich prize. The security of the fastenings about the house, however, prevented any further ingress.

The burglars then went to No. 271, the house next adjoining, being the residence of Mrs. R. S. Blackwell, which they entered by the back basement door, which had inadvertently been left unlocked that night to admit the man who built the fires in the morning. Here the villains made almost a clean sweep of the silver ware on the tables and in closets, ... forks, spoons, knives, ... other silver ... worth several hundred dollars. They left a large silver coffee urn—as they also did at the first-named house—as probably being too bulky to carry, but otherwise overlooked hardly a silver article that was used for two tables of a large family, and nearly all of which had been but recently purchased. In order to facilitate their escape, apparently, they undertook to hand out through the side window a pan filled with articles, and these happening to rattle attracted the attention of an officer passing, who ran and rang the door bell to inquire the cause of the noise. The family were thus first apprised of what was going on, but meantime the thieves had fled. They were tracked a little distance and two dozen forks were found in the next yard, they having dropped them in their haste, but they crossed the fences into a back alley and escaped.

It is said that a gentleman boarding at Mrs. Blackwell's heard the burglars in the house, jumped up, rolled his bed against the door, and feeling himself safe, went to sleep again. A brave performance, truly.

The perpetrators of this outrageous robbery have not yet been discovered, but our vigilant police have the matter in hand.

LAW AND JUSTICE.

Giving up Property and Wanting it Back—What is a Clear Title?

The Chief Justice of our Superior Court, delivering his decision in the celebrated case of Young against Davidson, remarked that equity frequently took upon itself the aspect of wrong; that while it might sometimes temper the rigor of justice, it might, being circumscribed in its action by law become, to the mind of a layman, injustice. Judge Williams, of the Circuit Court of this county, had reason, on Saturday, so to consider. Bound by the express terms of the statute, he was called upon in the face of three signatures of a widow, to decree her a dower right, in property which had been fairly sold, equitably paid for, and in which, if not strictly according to statute law, yet according to the belief of outsiders, she has no right. The decision was in the case of the widow Juliette A. Kinzie against George J. Robbins, the property involved is lot 1, block 9, original town, (facing on Jefferson street, between Randolph and Lake streets.)

The evidence in the case is as follows: The complainant claims as the widow of John H. Kinzie; she exhibits the fact of her marriage in 1830 (date not shown); the descent of the property to him by patent from the date, July 5, 1832, and his death June 21, 1865. A proven facts which may be conceded are as follows: Deed from Kinzie and wife to Mark Beaubien, dated June 30, 1831, defectively acknowledged as to Mrs. Kinzie, the complainant. Mark Beaubien then deeded the property to Alexander Beaubien, receiving the deed back June 7, 1841. The property was reconveyed to Mark and George A. O. Beaumont, May 8, 1844. About this time, the defect in the acknowledgment of complainant was ascertained and a release deed was accepted from her, dated January 2, 1845, the husband not joining in the instrument. During the following February the property was sold to Calvin W. Howe, a deed of bargain and sale being executed; and the instrument containing covenants of authority to grant; against incumbrances; of warranty; of quiet, enjoyment, and of further assurance. Fortified by such a deed and back by the receipt and the acknowledgment made the good faith, but defectively executed, of the widow, the 1st Allen Robbins came into possession of the property August 20, 1845, and to quiet the title the husband and wife on the 28th day of June, 1855, joined in executing a deed of release to the property. ... Skinner, the deed reciting that the deed "is made to confirm the title to the property." The property descends to the defendant by devise of the late Allen Robbins. It was shown that at the time of sale, the property was comparatively valueless, Mr. Robbins having improved it by the erection of permanent buildings. On the part of the plaintiff, the points made in argument were that the acknowledgment to the deed of 1834 is defective; that the release of the wife, the husband being alive, was null, and thirdly, that the release of Kinzie and wife to Mark Skinner was made at a time when they were in another party than Kinzie, and Skinner never had a title to but one-half, and had no title when he received the release deed, and Kinzie had no title at the time. The point is that the dower cannot be separated from the fee.

It is useless to state the points made for the defendant. Statute law stepped in, and unless the Supreme Court finds that so frequent practice the widow has made may equitably be considered as a bar against the estate of Allen Robbins will lose a third interest in this property, and a large number of property owners will need to compromise, or they will find that Judge Wilson's words are aptly true.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

The proceedings in the courts were few. In the Circuit Court three ... judgments were rendered in favor of Jacob Berner against George T. [illegible], the case which was on trial on Friday, for $[illegible].19; in the case of Whitney vs. Walker, for the plaintiff for $235.86; and against William Lill in favor of William Linton, as heretofore reported, a new trial being denied. The court was engaged during the entire day in hearing an argument in the case of Blood ... Noyes et al. ... for an account for an alleged default in furnishing corn, as per contract, for the use of the Government during the late war.

In the Superior Court, the jury in the case of ... against Prebble, reported Friday, found for plaintiff in $[illegible] damages.

Zallen Roman and John Heelan were each defaulted at the suit of Samuel Myers, in actions of debt ... to recover balances of account.

The trial calendar for next week in the Circuit Court is as follows:

1—Thomas Snyder et al.

14—Robert Butcher.

— Michael Butler.

— Casper Gehring et al.

— Michael Burke.

— S. Reynolds.

— Mary Mooney.

— George Scoville.

— Archibald Clybourne.

— James Ferris.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 13.

— Tim Regan.

— Casper Eisenbrand.

— John Comfort.

— Charles G. Higgins.

— William Lewis.

— Charles McDonnell.

— Samuel et al.

— William Welsh.

— E. S. Burns et al.

— Ulich Fitzsimmons.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 14.

— John Crawford.

— John Moran.

— John Steiner.

— Chas. Gould.

— E. S. Burton et al.

— Wm. Burns, et al.

— Charles Connorton.

— James Mullin et al.

— Ned Foggenberger.

— John Eich.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 15.

— William Burns.

— Same et al.

— Patrick Bowen.

— John Custek.

— John Cooley.

— James Duffy.

— Wm. Franklin.

— John McGinnis.

— Thomas Forbes.

— Peter Parsons.

Western Patents.

The following patents were issued from the United States Patent Office, for the week ending October 30, 1866, as reported by G. L. Chapin, Patent Solicitor, Chicago:

Saw filing machine—J. W. H. Doubler, Chicago, Illinois.

Flour sieves—R. Illingsworth, Freeport, Ill.

Cultivator—E. S. Sager, Erie, Illinois.

Seeding machine—J. D. Smith, Peoria, Illinois.

Chill-like winder—J. H. Rose, Mount Sterling, Illinois.

Seed drill—T. D. Price, Carrollton, Illinois.

Wind wheel—J. H. Morse, Peoria, Illinois.

Hand spinning wheel—J. Green, Joliet, Illinois.

Device for discharging bilge water from holds of vessels—J. P. Pope, Alton, Illinois.

Cultivator—W. Kidoo, Kellsburg, Illinois.

Whiffle-tree—L. Barnes, Waterford, Michigan.

Varnish—J. Braddock, Indianapolis, Indiana.

Fence—J. Bundy, West Liberty, Iowa.

Burning fluid—R. H. Chadbourn, St. Louis, Missouri.

Portable fence—T. C. Class, Roanoke, Indiana.

Wheel vehicle—J. W. Drew, Stockbridge, Michigan.

Washing machine—N. Drew, Howell, Michigan.

Fence—D. S. Evans, Richmond, Indiana.

Manufacture of vinegar—T. M. Freeman, Louis, Missouri.

Gate—T. T. Furlong, St. Louis, Missouri.

Gate hinge—B. Greenside, Fort Dodge, Iowa.

Grain tallying machine—A. Harter, Delphi, Indiana.

Washing machine—R. Hoover Boonsborough, Iowa.

Sulky plow—G. Knight, Boon, Iowa.

Washing machine—D. Kunkel, Oregon, Missouri.

Fastening for barn doors—D. N. Minor, Bridgewater, Michigan.

Plow—J. Price, Greenfield, Michigan.

Sewing machine—O. W. Sapenfield, Crawfordsville, Indiana.

Boot and shoe—O. Stoddard, Jackson, Michigan.

Machine for sowing plaster—S. Wheelock, Richland, Michigan.

Water wheel—J. M. Williams, Connersville, Indiana.

Cotton seed planter—W. A. Howell, Washington, Indiana.

In Memoriam.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Firemen's Benevolent Association of the city the following were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God in His Divine Providence to remove from among us our respected friend and brother Charles H. Hodgson, Secretary of the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners of this city, be it

Resolved, That we bow with deep humility to this dispensation of Providence.

Resolved, That in the decease of Charles H. Hodgson this Association has lost a valuable and worthy member.

Resolved, That this Association tender to the family and friends of the deceased their heartfelt sympathy in this their great affliction.

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread upon the records, a copy sent to the family of the deceased, and be copied in the city papers.

P. L. YOE, President.

THOMAS BUCKLEY, Secretary.

THE LAST OF THE DRIVING PARK.—As was advertised, the sale of the appurtenances of the Chicago Driving Park was made on Saturday morning by Messrs. Gilbert & Sampson, auctioneers. The buildings which were occupied for the purposes of the State Fair were bought by C. H. Walker, Superintendent of the City Railway, for $1,500. The grand stand, judges' stand, stalls, and the supply ... of the track, fences, &c., were sold to C. M. Clark, Esq., for $3,500.

Michigan and Wabash avenues are to be graded through the ground now occupied by the Driving Park, and will be projected through the city limits, making two splendid thoroughfares, each a mile and a half in length.

BURGLARY.—The saloon of Albert Hug, at No. 42 Griswold street, was entered by burglars at a late hour on Friday night. They carried away some liquors, bed clothing and other articles from an adjacent room, to the value of $25 to $30.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Mr. Nicholas Thompson, of Luzerne, Warren County, New York, in a letter to Dr. Herrick, says: "Cancer, ring or a sore in my head, bloody, offensive discharges from my nose, and other disagreeable symptoms, have troubled me ... I never found permanent relief till Pierce's Pastimator was brought to my notice by reading one of your Almanacs. Price 25 cents. Sold everywhere. J. H. REED & Co., Chicago, Illinois. Wholesale Agents.

Dr. Oleo Moreno's Pills.—Chronic Diarrhœa, Dysentery and Cholera Morbus in the worst stages, which have resisted all other treatment, are cured in every instance by Dr. Oleo Moreno's Pills. They are a Spanish discovery of wonderful virtue, just being introduced to the American public through Delavan, Blood & Co., Chicago, agents for the Northwestern States. Let those afflicted try them. Every box warranted or all money refunded. Sold by all druggists.

Colgate's Aromatic Vegetable Soap.—A superior Toilet Soap, prepared from refined Vegetable Oils, in combination with Glycerine, and especially designed for the use of Ladies and for the Nursery. Its perfume is exquisite, and its washing properties unrivalled. For sale by all druggists.

Prussing's Pure Cider Vinegar will preserve pickles, and is warranted pure. Ask your grocer for no other vinegar. Largest works of the kind in the United States. Charles G. E. Prussing, 339 and 341 State street, Chicago.

The Purest and Sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea shore; it is perfectly pure and sweet. Ask for Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil, manufactured by CASWELL, MACK & Co., New York. Sold by all druggists.

Chicago, October 1st, 1866.—I had been suffering from a disease called by many physicians Neuralgia of the Heart, for a long time. I had been attended by five or six doctors, and they all told me I could not live, but must die. I was reduced to a mere shadow, and at the recurrence of each bad spell, was expected never to recover. At such times I could be heard all over the house struggling for breath. I then heard of Miss Tenneson, the great Magnetic Doctress, and my husband persuaded me to send for her. I had given up all hope of ever again being restored to health, but to please my husband I consented to try her treatment.

Miss Tenneson examined me, and told me that I was in a critical condition, but that she could positively cure me. I doctored with her two months, and at the end of that time I looked like a different person, and continued to improve every day, so that I was able to do all my work alone. I feel that this lady, under God's providence, saved my life for my dear family, and I feel under the deepest gratitude to her, for I am as healthy as anybody now, and have been so since she cured me five years ago.

MARGARETHA SHELLAMER,
No. 1 Reuben street, West Side, Chicago.

A Sure Pile Cure.—Dr. Gilbert's Pile Instrument positively cures the worst cases of piles. Sent by mail on receipt of $4. Circulars free. Sold by druggists. Agents wanted everywhere. Address J. B. Bonaina, Manager, No. 575 Broadway, New York.

Paper Hangings and Window Shades at greatly reduced prices. F. E. Rigby, 89 Randolph-st.

AN EXTRAORDINARY STORY.

A Man Arrested for Murder Says His Supposed Victim was Drowned in a Subterranean Lake of Petroleum.

Some weeks ago a man named Alvin C. Temple, of New York, mysteriously disappeared at Burning Spring, West Virginia. Within the last few days a man named Robt. S. Steinway has been suspected of the murder, and has been arrested. Since his arrest he has published an extraordinary statement in the Parkersburg *Times* purporting to give the facts in relation to the mysterious disappearance of Temple. He says he and Temple were old friends and started together from New York on a tour to the oil regions. They arrived at Burning Springs October 26th, and on the 28th they set out on an exploring expedition. He says:

"We crossed the Burning Springs run at the mouth and climbed up the hill on the upper side. About three-fourths of the way up we found an opening in the rocks caused probably by some convulsion of the earth. Into this we found that we could crawl some fifteen feet when further progress was stopped by the fissure becoming narrower. Temple, by thrusting in his hand, ascertained that the passage soon widened again, and that by removing some of the pieces of rock we could go on. We procured a sapling, which we found on the ground above, with which as a battering ram, we soon pushed inward, and from the sound we knew the descent could be for a few feet. I went first, and when we had opened the way and descended by letting myself down by the sapling, Temple followed. Lighting a match and a piece of paper, we found ourselves in a cavern about twelve feet square in which we could stand upright. Pieces of broken rock, varying in size from an egg to a barrel, covered the ground. Temple collected some specimens, principally sand stone, to be examined at leisure. Our progress was very difficult on account of the loose and jagged stones. Partly feeling, and now and then lighting a match, we also discovered a fissure nearly opposite where we entered, some three feet in width at the bottom and gradually narrowing toward the top. Crawling in, we found it made a considerable descent until it opened into a spacious cave, the dimensions of which I cannot state, as it was not thoroughly explored. We found here the same chaos of broken rocks, and were continually stumbling as we went over them. Proceeding some thirty yards we saw a light on our right which proved to be caused by a split in the hill. Looking down we could see the hills on the opposite side of the river. ... [illegible] ... a small lake, or pool, as near as I could judge, some sixty feet in length, by twenty wide. Its level was some three feet below the ground on which we stood. Temple threw a hammer into this pool, and we found ... that instead of water it was petroleum. I have not time to describe our sensations on this discovery, which promised untold wealth. After discussing the matter for a few minutes, he attempted to try the depth with the handle of his hammer. He got as near the brink as he could, and when about executing his design, the loose stones on which he stood suddenly caved in with him. He sunk, rose again, screamed a moment, and sank again. I said I was powerless to assist him even if I had not been completely bewildered. The weight of the specimens in his sack, no doubt prevented him from saving himself, as he was a capital swimmer. The horror of my situation may be imagined. I stood alone in that cave wherein was death and darkness, fully aware that when I went out into the light I would only meet suspicion and accusation. I called my companion by name, and was only still terrified by the sepulchral echoes that resounded through the blackness.

"This is the true statement of the fact. Whether it will be credited is more than I can say. I am fully aware how difficult it is to answer the question, "Why did you not make this statement before?" Here is my reply: When I left the cave I went to my room at the hotel. Overwhelmed, I could not look calmly upon the discovery which was so important one, and secure the benefit of it; so I kept the matter quiet until my designs should be accomplished. To this end I obtained a favorable lease from the agent of the Rathbone Oil Company of the ground covering the cave. This lease, as the county records will show, was made the day after the occurrence above revealed. It is made to George Temple, the father of Henry V. Temple, the brother of the late Alvin C. Temple. I have not reserved to myself directly or indirectly any part of this lease. I hope this circumstance will go far to show that I could have no motive in causing the death of my friend. I do not think his relations, or those who know me, will entertain any suspicion to my prejudice. Yet I feel that I can never have any peace of mind until the judgment of every body shall acquit me of the charge. And now, Messrs. Editors, I request that you will give the foregoing statement a place in your paper, and thereby oblige a friendless and grief-stricken man.

ROBERT S. STEINWAY.

NELSON'S SIGNAL.

The Battle of Trafalgar and the British Sailors.

A London publishing house has just issued a memoir of the late Lieutenant General Sir S. B. Ellis, of the British Royal Marines, in which occurs the following story of the battle of Trafalgar and Nelson's famous signal—told by General Ellis, who served on board the flag-ship:

"This glorious battle, which so greatly influenced the affairs of Europe, and gave to England the supremacy of the seas, was one through which our ship passed with but little loss. There was scarcely any wind at the time, and we approached the enemy at not more than a knot and a half an hour. As we neared the French fleet, I was sent below with orders, and was much struck with the preparations made by the blue jackets, the majority of whom were stripped to the waist; a handkerchief was bound tightly around their heads and over the ears, to deaden the noise of the cannon, many men being deaf for days after an action. The men were variously occupied; some were sharpening their cutlasses, other polishing the guns, as though an inspection were about to take place instead of a mortal combat, while three or four, as if in mere bravado, were dancing a hornpipe; but all seemed deeply anxious to come to close quarters with the enemy. Occasionally they would look out of the ports, and speculate as to the various ships of the enemy, many of which had been, on former occasions, engaged by our vessels.

"It was at this time that Nelson's famous signal, 'England expects every man to do his duty,' was hoisted at the mast-head of the Admiral's ship. These words were requested to be delivered to the men, and I was desired to inform those on the main-deck of the Admiral's signal. Upon acquainting one of the quartermasters of the order, he assembled the men with 'Avast there, lads, come and hear the Admiral's words.' When the men were mustered, I delivered, with becoming dignity, the sentence—rather anticipating that the effect on the men would be to awe them by its grandeur. Jack, however, did not appreciate it, for there were murmurs from some, while others in an audible whisper muttered: 'Do our duty! Of course we'll do our duty. I've always done mine; haven't you? Let us come alongside of 'em, and we'll soon show whether we will do our duty!' Still the men cheered vociferously—more, I believe, from love and admiration of their Admiral and leaders, than from a full appreciation of this well-known signal."

A Southern Paper on Dictatorship.

Mr. Seward's question, "Will you have Andrew Johnson President or King?" is answered by the Augusta (S. C.) *Press*, which argues that "a Dictatorship is feasible and possible." The following paragraph is noteworthy:

"What has been done can be done again; and there is no reason to doubt that the American people would submit to a Dictator with as good grace and as much enthusiasm as ever did those of the countries we have named. President Johnson, as a Dictator, with a view to crush out Radicalism and to restore the Union to its former unity, power and greatness, would have little difficulty in carrying out his proclamation and his programme. It might be said that he would have no army to sustain him. Ah! least of all, sufficient to manage an army. There would be no lack of bayonets and swords to sustain the Dictator; and under his power thus concentrated and made effective, opposing forces would melt like snow beneath the rays of a noonday sun."

Markets by Telegraph.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, November 12.

COTTON—Dull ... [illegible]

[illegible]

LATER NEW YORK MARKETS.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

NEW YORK, November 12.

BREADSTUFFS.

At the close holders of flour were firmer, and the demand for wheat was quite brisk. Corn awaits Liverpool advices.

LIVE HOGS.

Hogs selling at 9¢@9½¢. Receipts, 37 cars.

GROCERIES.

Coffee—Rio, 19@27c; Java, 30@37c. Sugar firm, with a good demand for fair to prime at 11@12½c.

Cincinnati Market.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

CINCINNATI, November 10.

FLOUR—Inactive and nominal; sales of extra at $11.75@12.50; family at $13.00@13.50.

GRAIN—Wheat dull; sales of No. 1 spring at $2.45; No. 1 winter at $2.60. Corn in fair demand; sales of No. 1 at 84c; new ear at 65c. Oats inactive; sales of No. 1 at 45c. ... Rye to lower; sales of No. 1 at $1.17. Barley steady; sales of choice fall at $1.12.

COTTON—Declined 1c; middling nominal; sales at 33@34c.

WHISKY—Steady; sales of bonded at 30c.

PROVISIONS—Dull; closing firmer; sales of new mess pork at $20.00; old do, $21.50. Bacon quiet at previous prices. Bulk meats nominal. Lard steady; sales of new and old at 12c—closing firm for old. Green meats held more firmly; sales of shoulders at 7½c; sides at 10c; hams at 13c.

HOGS—Better demand and prices higher; sales of medium averages at $7.00. Receipts, 5,000.

MONEY—Close. Exchange—steady; ... discount and par.

Milwaukee Market.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

MILWAUKEE, November 10.

FLOUR—Weak and unsettled. Sales of 1,500 brls at $10.00@10.25 for double extras, and $9.25 for extras.

GRAIN—Wheat declined 4c. Sales at the 9 a. m. board were 41,000 bu at $1.83 for No. 1; $1.82½@1.83 for No. 2 spot; $1.82@1.83 seller next week; $1.80 for No. 2; ... sales at $1.83 for No. 1; $1.82@1.84 for No. 2; ... seller next week. Oats unsettled with sales of No. 2 at 35c. Corn lower with sales at 70c. Rye unchanged.

LIVE HOGS—Active and firmer.

FREIGHTS—Steady at 11c to Cleveland.

RECEIPTS—4,000 brls flour, 65,000 bu wheat.

SHIPMENTS—2,000 brls flour, 60,000 bu wheat.

St. Louis Market.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

ST. LOUIS, November 10.

TOBACCO—Dull and prices unchanged.

FLOUR—Declining; super $7.50@10.50; XX $11.75@12.50; XXX $14.00@15.50; small sales.

GRAIN—Wheat very dull at $2.30@2.60 for fall. Corn steady but inactive at $1.00@1.05. Oats dull at 58@60c. Rye steady at $1.00@1.05. Barley inactive at $1.20@1.30 for spring, and $1.55@1.85 for fall.

PROVISIONS—Prime pork $21.00; ... Bacon dull. Lard, no sales.

WHISKY—Steady at $2.27.

Vessels Passed Detroit.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

DETROIT, November 10.

UP—Chenango, Cuba.

DOWN—Belle Cross, ... Favorite, Nichols, ... Allen, Oakleaf, Empire State, Martin Ward, Murray, ... [illegible]

DETROIT, November 11.

UP—Hinsley, Savage.

DOWN—Titan, Maple Leaf, Preston, ... [illegible]

New York Stock and Money Market.

NEW YORK, November 10.

MONEY—Easy at 5@6 ¢ cent for call loans. ... [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]	

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, November 10.

COTTON—Irregular. Sales 6,000 bales. Low middling nominal at 36½c. Receipts 3,986.

GROCERIES—Sugar dull at 11@13½c. Molasses, good prime at 75c.

STERLING—[illegible]; New York Exchange, par.

FREIGHTS—Unchanged.

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, November 10.

FLOUR—Quiet, sales 1 Spring, $11.25@12.25 ...

GRAIN—Wheat heavy and inactive. ... Corn ... Oats ... Rye and barley ... [illegible]

... Lard 13@13½c.

WHEAT—... CANAL FREIGHTS—Closed firmer to New York; ... [illegible]

RECEIPTS—For 24 hours: 5,300 brls flour, ... bu wheat, ... bu corn, ... bu oats, ... bu barley, ... bu rye.

SHIPMENTS—For 24 hours: 1,279 brls flour, 13,700 bu wheat, 21,500 bu barley, 14,800 bu rye.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, November 10.

FLOUR—Quiet.

GRAIN—Wheat 1@2c lower; spring and other grades firm and unchanged; new white Michigan $3.25; Amber $2.78@2.79; No. 1 spring $2.34. Corn a shade lower; $1.00 for No. 1 mixed. Oats 2c lower; sales at 54c.

LAKE FREIGHTS—9c for corn to Buffalo.

DIED.

In this city, on the 9th inst., HELLEN LIZZIE, infant daughter of Fred. W. Dodge, aged 3 weeks.

In this city, on Saturday morning, November 10th, of consumption, ANNIE E. CHAPIN, eldest daughter of Amasa Chapin, aged 17 years and 1 month. Funeral services Sunday at half-past twelve o'clock, at 29 Illinois-st. Friends are invited to attend.

In this city, No. 10th, HARY DeWITT, only son of DeWitt Clinton and Etta Battey Buder, aged 1 month.

Funeral, from their residence 186 Carroll-st., at 12 o'clock m., 11th inst.

This lovely rosebud, grew
In beauty and in grace,
Then beyond the world alien,
Clasp'd in Heavens embrace.—R.

In this city, on Saturday morning, November 10th, WILLIE S., infant son of Charles P. and Daphne D. Loomis.

Funeral from 326 Wabash-av, at 10 o'clock a. m., Sunday.

In this city, on the 10th inst., of dropsy of the brain, BENNIE ALDEN, only child of Benjamin and the late Etta A. Lombard, in the 7th year of his age.

Funeral at Sherman House, to-day (Sunday), at 4 o'clock p. m. Friends of the family are invited to attend without further notice.

The remains will be taken to Mt. Auburn, near Boston, for interment.

At Racine, Wis., on the 7th inst., Major ISAAC J. ULLMANN, in the 58th year of his age.

At Manhattan, Ill., Nov. 7th, 1866, NELLIE E., wife of E. W. Chamberlain, formerly of Massachusetts, but recently of St. Louis, Mo.

The Fine Arts.

CROSBY OPERA HOUSE

ART ASSOCIATION.

NEW ENGRAVING.

The Management has the pleasure of announcing, that in order to keep pace with the demand for Engravings, the Association has secured the plate of a new Engraving, to be issued with one certificate for five dollars:

BEARD'S

"WESTWARD, HO!"

Prints of which will be ready in a few days.

The Artist's Proofs of the Chromo, now printing, will be retouched and signed by Mr. Crosby, entitling each proof on authorized copy ... The prints will speedily follow. The indulgence of the subscribers, during the ... attending the completion of this work, is most gratefully acknowledged.

Machinery.

THE LANE & BODLEY

Portable Circular Saw Mills,

PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES,

Shingle Machines, Corn Mills and Shafting, Wood Working Machinery.

LANE & BODLEY,
Cor. John and Water-sts., Cincinnati.

Applicants for descriptive circulars will specify in what they are interested.

Banking.

SAVINGS BANK.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

THE MARINE COMPANY OF CHICAGO.

Net Assets over $500,000.

Office in their Building, 154 Lake-st., cor. of LaSalle.

Under special provisions of their charter, allow interest on deposits in savings department, and receive in trust for investment. ...

Drafts on Ireland, England, &c.

J. YOUNG SCAMMON, President.

ROBERT REID, Manager.

Amusements.

MCVICKER'S THEATRE.

J. H. MCVICKER, Manager.

Doors open at 7; curtain rises at 7½.

BRILLIANT SUCCESS

OF THE GREAT ARTISTES

MR. & MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS

Theatre Crowded Nightly.

EVERYBODY DELIGHTED! UNIVERSAL PLEASURE!

Seats can be secured for the entire week.

TWO NEW PIECES! TWO NEW PIECES!

MR. & MRS. WILLIAMS IN BOTH PIECES

Songs! Dances! Mirth!

By the Great Impersonators of Yankee and Irish Life.

MONDAY EVENING will be presented, for the first time in Chicago, the Beautiful Drama of

ON HALLOW EVE;

OR, SNAP-APPLE NIGHT.

And the Brilliant Comedietta of

LATEST FROM NEW YORK.

Mr. and Mrs. Williams in both Pieces.

The performance will commence with a Popular Farce.

In rehearsal, Mrs. Williams' great Comedy of AN HOUR IN SEVILLE, and the Romantic Drama of THE CONNIE SOOGAH.

Saturday, Mr. and Mrs. Williams' Matinee. Seats can be secured for the week.

Friday, Mrs. Williams' Benefit.

VARIETY THEATRE.

C. M. CHADWICK, Proprietor. G. B. BARTON, Manager.

GREAT ATTRACTION.

This evening will be played THE BRAZILIAN APE.

Mons. GEO. H. MORESTE as ... JOCKO THE APE.

CLARA BURTON, NELLIE TAYLOR, ANNIE GIBBONS, GUS LEE,

And a host of talent.

COL. WOOD'S MUSEUM.

COL. J. H. WOOD ... Proprietor

... Director of Amusements ... F. P. AIKEN

Stage Manager ... THOS. BARRY

Triumphant Success of the new Dramatic Romance, received by crowded houses with ... LAST NIGHT BUT ONE.

On Monday evening ... THE AVALANCHE ... THE GOOD-FOR-NOTHING.

Wednesday Afternoon, Grand Matinee.

Friday, Benefit of Mr. C. ... McManus.

FAVORITE OF FORTUNE is in rehearsal.

WASHINGTON HALL,

SMITH AND NIXON'S BUILDING,

On Washington-st., opposite

COURT HOUSE.

The above hall is sixty (60) feet square and on second floor, and will be rented for balls, parties, lectures and concerts. Can be had on reasonable terms. Apply at the rooms.

CROSBY'S OPERA HOUSE.

MONDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 12, 1866,

And Every Evening During the Week.

The wonderful Athletes, Pantomimists and Acrobats, the

BUISLAY FAMILY,

will appear in their beautiful acts, entitled the

SPIRAL MOUNTAIN.

The marvelous

NIAGARA LEAP!

Terrible a'echelle perilleuse.

THE HORIZONTAL BAR,

Charming Ballet, Beautiful Tableaux

AND

COMIC PANTOMIME.

THE YANKEE ROBINSON

NEW ZOOLOGICAL GARDENS

AND

COLISEUM,

Embracing the largest collection of living wild animals on this continent. ... Also, a Triple Troupe of Equestrians, ... Open Monday, November 5.

Auction Sales.

BY J. B. CHAMBERS, Auctioneer.

A 1 FURNITURE

AT AUCTION.

At 142 West Van Buren-st., WEDNESDAY, Nov. 14, at 10 o'clock, the entire furniture of first-class family residence ... Brussels and ingrain Carpets, ... Sofas, Kitchen Furniture ...

J. B. CHAMBERS, Auct'r.

GILBERT & SAMPSON, GENERAL AUCTIONEERS, SALESROOMS 47 & 49 DEARBORN-ST., Chicago, Ill.

Our personal attention given to sales of Household Furniture, at dwellings or at our Auction Rooms. Parties wishing to pay or sell will find it to their interest to call on us.

Large Assortment of Superior Furniture, Carpets, Mirrors, Show Cases, &c., AT AUCTION.

On TUESDAY, Nov. 13, at 9½ o'clock, we shall sell at our salesrooms ... Chamber and Parlor Furniture, ... Mirrors, Show Cases, &c., with a quantity of second hand Furniture, &c.

GILBERT & SAMPSON, Auctioneers.

3 FINE GOLD HUNTING-CASE Watches, and one Silver Hunting-case American Watch, all in good order, also one Gold Ladies' Chain

AT AUCTION,

On TUESDAY, Nov. 13th, at 9½ o'clock, at our salesrooms, 47 & 49 Dearborn-st.

GILBERT & SAMPSON, Auct'rs.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO.,

Auctioneers & Commission Merchants,

PALMER'S BLOCK,

44 & 46 RANDOLPH-ST.

200 CASES BOOTS AND SHOES AT AUCTION.

On TUESDAY, Nov. 13, at 9½ o'clock, at Butters' Auction Rooms, 44 & 46 Randolph-st., ... Chicago-made Boots, all warranted a No. 1 article.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auct'rs.

PEREMPTORY SALE.

12 BALES WHITE BLANKETS, AT AUCTION.

For account of whom it may concern, On WEDNESDAY, Nov. 14, at 12 o'clock, at Butters' Auction Rooms, 44 and 46 Randolph-st.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auct'rs.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

STOCK OF CLOTHING,

Cloths, Cassimeres, Furnishing Goods, &c.,

AT AUCTION.

On WEDNESDAY, November 14th, at 9½ o'clock, at Butters' Salesrooms, in Palmer's Block, 44 and 46 Randolph-st.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auct'rs.

THIRD LARGE FALL SALE OF

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

AT AUCTION,

On WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, Nov. 14 & 15, 1866,

At Butters' Salesrooms, in Palmer's Block, 44 & 46 Randolph-st.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auctioneers.

J. M. REYNOLDS,

Auctioneer,

127 DEARBORN-ST.,

Groceries at Auction

On Wednesday, November 14th,

At 10 o'clock a. m., at Reynolds' Auction Rooms, the entire stock and fixtures of a first-class Grocery house.

J. M. REYNOLDS, Auctioneer.

FOR SALE.

AUCTION SALE OF

VALUABLE PROPERTY.

One Hundred Lots in the vicinity of the Baptist University, near Cottage Grove. I will sell on the premises, on THURSDAY, Nov. 15th, at 2 p. m., 100 Lots ... Cars leave corner State and Randolph-sts. every five minutes ...

JAS. A. MARSHALL, Auctioneer. Office 83 Reynolds' Block.

GREAT AUCTION SALE of Full-Blooded stock, ... Farming Utensils and Household Furniture, &c. The sale to take place positively, on TUESDAY, the 13th inst. ... JOHN FRASER.

Partners Wanted.

PARTNER—Wanted—To engage in a business that will pay. Men wanting business will do well to investigate. Capital required, $3,000. For particulars, call on or address "O. P.," 71 Clark-st.

PARTNER—Wanted—In a light manufacturing business, anywhere in the block. ... Capital, $300 to $500. ABRAMS & DIXON, 130 South Clark-st., Room 13.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—Brick—12,000 new bricks for sale, corner of Lake and Desplaines-sts. West Division, cheap for cash. A. JOHNSON.

FOR SALE—The schooner "Active." ... Apply to ... corner of Canal and Carroll-sts.

Real Estate—Country.

FOR SALE—Or rent, 364 acres of land ... For particulars address C. B. MOORE, Clinton, DeWitt County, Illinois, or JOSEPH HALL, Marva, Mason County.

FOR SALE—120,000 acres of choice land in Iroquois and Ford Counties, Ill., on the Illinois Central Railroad, from one to twenty miles from the ... [illegible]

Strayed and Stolen.

STRAYED—A Bay Mare, 7 years old, ... Any one returning her to ... will be liberally rewarded. W. S. ...

Lost and Found.

LOST—$5 Reward—Yellow English ... The above reward will be paid for his return to 559 North LaSalle-st.

FOUND—Taken up, in rear of 1244 Indiana-av., one bay mare, which the owner can have by proving property and paying charges. W. E. HALL.

Wanted—Male Help.

BOOKKEEPERS, SALESMEN, &c.

WANTED—A good Salesman—One who can command a good trade. ... Apply to ... 16 and 17 Speer's Block.

WANTED—By a wholesale house, an experienced bookkeeper. ... Address, giving references, "W A W," Tribune office.

WANTED—Bookkeeper, in a wholesale house. ... Monday, Nov. 12th.

TRADES.

WANTED—Two good horse shoers, ... Muskegon, Ill. The highest wages paid. G. DUNNING.

WANTED—By a first class Steward a situation in some first-class hotel. ... Address, A. W. PRATT, Tribune Office.

WANTED—Immediately—Four good fresco painters. Apply to CHAMBERS & ADIX, Fresco, Decorative and Scenic Artists. 203 Lake-st.

WANTED—Fifty first-class bridge framers, ... Apply to CHAS. E. FULLER, Adams House, Tuesday and Wednesday, Nov. 13th and 14th.

WANTED—One good coat maker and one good pantaloons maker, to go a short distance in the country. Call at 124 East Lake-st.

WANTED—Cabinet makers, to work in a steam coffin factory. Good wages and steady employment. Inquire in Court-place, rear of 232 Randolph-st.

Wanted—Female Help.

SALESWOMEN, TRADES, &c.

WANTED—First-class dressmakers (none others), at Mrs. E. F. STEARNS' Pattern Emporium, 253 State-st.

WANTED—Ballet Girls—25 ballet girls for the BUISLAY FAMILY. Inquire at Crosby's Opera House, in the box office, between 9 and 12 m.

HOUSE SERVANTS.

WANTED—A good girl, about 18 years of age, to take charge of an infant. Apply at 461 West Washington-st.

WANTED—A good cook, washer and ironer—one that can do general housework, in a family of two. References required. Apply at 900 Michigan-av., or 38 South Clark-st.

WANTED—A first-class cook, washer and ironer. Good wages will be given one that will give satisfaction. Apply at 304 West Lake-st.

Real Estate—City.

IMPROVED.

FOR SALE—By A. J. Mills & Co., 153 Dearborn-st., houses and lots.

[illegible]

FOR SALE—By Rees & Ayres, Real Estate Brokers, Office 10 Crosby's Opera House.

RESIDENCES.

Prairie-av.—A large and convenient dwelling, ... [illegible]

FOR SALE—Two entirely new two-story and basement brick houses, of 11 rooms, and ... THOMAS D. SNYDER & CO., Real Estate Agents, No. 4 Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—A new two-story brick basement house, Mansard roof, containing 11 rooms, hot and cold water, water-closets, marble mantels, kitchen range, &c., ... THOMAS D. SNYDER & CO., Real Estate Agents, No. 4 Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—100 feet, with two cottages, on the North Side, ... Apply to GEO. D. SLOAN, Nos. 13 and 16 Reynolds' Block.

FOR SALE—A large two-story frame dwelling, with 12 rooms, in complete order, ... Apply on the premises, 123 South Hoyne-st.

FOR SALE—A Great Bargain—Three lots, each 25 by 125 feet, on State-st., near Twenty-sixth ... A. B. WING & CO., Real Estate Office, 85 Washington-st., Room 2.

UNIMPROVED.

FOR SALE—Cheap—A new two story house and lot, with barn and other improvements ... corner Wells and Kinzie-sts.

FOR SALE—Lot, suitable for a grocery store, ... THOMAS D. SNYDER & CO., Real Estate Agents, No. 4 Metropolitan Block.

Business Chances.

FOR SALE—The whole or half, or would rent to a responsible party, one of the best ... [illegible] ... 124 Randolph-st., Room 1.

FOR SALE—A well established business, now paying a handsome income. ... A. J. MILLS & CO., 153 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—A steam flouring mill on ... A. J. MILLS & CO., 153 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—Lease, stock and fixtures of a first-class Drug Store ... A. J. MILLS & CO., 153 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—Saloon, Stock and Fixtures, cheap. One of the best business stands in the city. Apply at 215 East Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—Lease, stock and fixtures of a Restaurant, in good location, will be sold at a bargain. A. J. MILLS & CO., 153 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—Stock and fixtures of one of the best grocery stores on the West Side. ... Apply at Room 20, P. O. Block, between 4 and 5.

FOR SALE—At a bargain, the stock, fixtures and good-will of the wholesale and retail boot and shoe business ... [illegible] ... 163 Lake-st.

FOR SALE—Lease, stock and fixtures of a first-class dress and cloak making establishment, ... 127 South Clark-st., Rooms 14 and 15.

FOR SALE—To Lumber Dealers and Manufacturers—A lumber mill, with 4,000 acres of pine land, together with 15 acres of land in the village, ... [illegible] ... For particulars, address ... 61 Clark-st.

To Rent—Houses.

TO RENT—The Two Story Frame and brick basement House, No. 912 West Washington-st., containing ten rooms, marble mantles, water and gas. ... Call after ten o'clock a. m.

TO RENT—House of eight large airy rooms, bath rooms, &c., pleasant location on West Side. Furniture for sale—everything necessary for housekeeping. WARREN & GOODRICH, 123 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—A two-story frame house, fronting Union-park, with 8 rooms, partly furnished. Rent may be paid by boarding owner and wife. Apply at 26 Bonds-st.

TO RENT—A new two-story and basement brick house, of 10 rooms, on Wabash-av, near Twenty-sixth-st. Inquire on the premises.

TO RENT—House, in a good locality on the South Side, and furniture for sale. Inquire at 15 East Randolph-st., for four days.

To Rent—Rooms.

TO RENT—Elegant rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with or without board, at 54 Fourth-av.

TO RENT—Furnished room to rent. Apply to E. STONE, No. 98 Randolph-st.

TO RENT—On South Side, not seven minutes walk from the Post office, with or without board, an elegantly furnished front parlor, suitable for a gentleman and wife or a gentleman and wife. Address "... " Tribune office.

TO RENT—A neatly furnished sleeping room, at No. 10 Third-av.

TO RENT—In a new building on Reuben-st., ... [illegible] ... 372 West Monroe-st., corner of Carpenter.

TO RENT—Rooms for lodging or manufacturing, or will furnish rooms for students ... Call at the Railroad Cigar Store, Ogden's Block.

TO RENT—Three furnished lodging rooms at 26 South Desplaines-st., between Randolph and Washington.

TO RENT—Nicely furnished rooms, with or without board, at 138 West Washington-st.

TO RENT—Furnished rooms, two blocks from Post Office. Reference required. Apply at 52 Adams-st.

TO RENT—To one or two gentlemen, an unfurnished room. Apply at 91 Adams-st., between Clark and State.

To Rent—Stores, Offices, &c.

TO RENT—The two new large first-class stores, 189 and 191 South Water-st., now finished. E. F. SHERMAN, Room 13, No. 71 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—Meat market, with fixtures and tools for sale. To any one wishing to open a first-class market, this offers a rare opportunity. ... 447 West Randolph-st.

TO RENT—Storage—The building 80 feet front on the north side of Washington-st., 100 feet west of Franklin, ... For particulars, &c., apply at Tribune Office.

TO RENT—Stores, basements, offices, and sleeping rooms, in the new brick block, 249 and 251 Clark-st., corner of Jackson. ... J. M. MARSHALL, Room 8, at 87 Clark-st.

TO RENT—The choicest store on Clark-st., ... STONE, Tribune office.

TO RENT—A store, 202 Madison-st., near Wells. A good location for business.

Horses, Carriages, &c.

A VERY FINE AND FAST BAY MARE for sale, or trade. ... on Carpenter-st., just north of Madison.

Situations Wanted—Males.

BOOKKEEPERS, SALESMEN, &c.

SITUATION—Wanted—A situation for the winter, by a ... [illegible] ... J. W. NIXON, Sherwood, Ill.

SITUATION—Wanted—By an ... young man, 18 years old, ... [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted, by an experienced travelling agent. Address ... Tribune office.

FEMALES.

SITUATION—Wanted, as ... [illegible] ... Call at or address 330 ...

Agents Wanted.

AGENTS—Wanted—Everywhere, to sell the INSTANTANEOUS ... AND MAGIC POLISH. ... [illegible] ... Clark-st. ... P. O. Box 6121.

AGENTS—Wanted—For Frank Moore's New Work, WOMEN OF THE WAR. A beautiful volume, handsomely illustrated ... Call on or address S. C. ... Clark-st., Chicago.

AGENTS—Wanted—For the ... GLOBE SEWING MACHINE, ... 164 Randolph-st., Room 6, Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS WANTED—Positively the best selling and best paying business ... LLOYD'S GREAT MAP OF THE UNITED STATES CONTINENT ... & CO., 148 Lake-st., Chicago.

AGENTS WANTED—Agents—$1,500 per year paid to Agents to introduce our ... Machine. Address SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Maine, or at Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS WANTED—Agents—$150 per month. I want Agents in every County in the United States, in an entirely new business. Address ...

AGENTS—Wanted—$150 per month, male and female, to sell the ... THE COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE ... the greatest invention of the age. ... Machine warranted three years. Address ... CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

AGENTS—Wanted—$200 per month, male and female, to sell the ... SEWING MACHINE ... W. DELOSS & CO., No. 185 Dearborn-st., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS—Wanted—Winter employment ... female agents, to introduce a NEW AND USEFUL INVENTION, of absolute utility in every household. ... W. G. WILSON & CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

AGENTS—Wanted—Experienced book and engraving canvassers, to whom a liberal salary or commission will be paid. Address ... HILL, 132 South Clark-st., Chicago, Ill.

Wanted—To Rent.

WANTED—To Rent—Office on ... of first or second floor on Lake-st., Wabash, Michigan-av., or Randolph-st. ... "WHOLESALE," Tribune office.

WANTED—To Rent—A small Cottage, of four or five rooms, ... on the North Side, by a prompt paying tenant, from $15 to $25 per month. Address "TENANT," 238 South Water-st.

WANTED—To Rent—By a gentleman and his wife, two unfurnished rooms, suitable for housekeeping. Address "H J," Journal office.

Employment Agencies.

WANTED—Bookkeepers, clerks, salesmen, porters, drivers, bartenders, brakemen, mechanics, laborers, ... [illegible] ... EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, Dearborn-st., Room 3. Applicants by mail enclose two stamps.

WANTED—This Day—50 wood-choppers, ... [illegible] ... Room 3, No. 100 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—Young men in the country wishing to obtain situations, ... [illegible]

WANTED—2 assistant bookkeepers, 1 collector, 3 brakemen, ... 2 conductors, ... drivers, 4 agents, ... at 124 Dearborn-st., Room 2.

WANTED—Young men in the country wishing to obtain situations ... to apply at or address 124 Dearborn-st., ... P. O. Box 3646.

WANTED—Immediately—25 ... [illegible] ... Apply at 133 Clark-st., Room 2.

WANTED—1 drug clerk, 4 salesmen, ... 1 salesman, 2 cooks, 3 masons, 2 shoemakers, ... [illegible]

WANTED—Immediately, 50 choppers, ... [illegible] ... Apply to PARSHALL & SMITH, 128 South Clark-st., Room 11.

WANTED—Men in the country wishing to obtain employment as bookkeepers, ... should apply to PARSHALL & SMITH, 128 South Clark-st., Room 11. ... [illegible]

WANTED—300 experienced Railroad Graders ... Apply at ... W. W. WALKER, ... South Water-st.

WANTED—Salesmen ... [illegible] ... G. W. CROWELL & CO., Cleveland, O.

WANTED—2 assistant bookkeepers, ... [illegible] ... J. W. MOORE & CO., Box 1707, ...

WANTED—115 choppers, 400 laborers, ... [illegible]

Wanted—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—$25,000. This amount will buy one half interest in an established manufacturing business ... [illegible] ... COMPANY, ...

WANTED—Patent Right—A party to ... [illegible] ... P. O. Box 1320, or ... 132 South Clark-st.

WANTED—A Party to take one-half of a store (second floor) on Lake-st., ... "DRY GOODS," Tribune Office.

WANTED—Lumber to sell on commission at Irvington, Illinois. ... Address H. S. PALMER, Irvington, Illinois.

WANTED—Sour Cider, by Edler & Maxfield, at the Chicago City Vinegar Works, 137 East Kinzie-st.

WANTED—$4,000, for 4 or 5 years, on improved fruit farm, ... Union County, Ill. ... Pass, Ill.

WANTED—Persons to use, free of charge, Prof. Chamberlain's ... [illegible] ... Room 2, 82 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—A competent gardener ... Address ... F. T. BAKER, care Mr. Wagner, No. 128 Wells-st.

WANTED—To business men—By a young man of business qualifications, a situation in an office or other department ... Address "H I F," Tribune office.

WANTED—Every person in Cook County that wants to have wood sawed, ... A. C. BROWN & CO.

WANTED—We want to find every man that wants to make $5.00 ... A. C. BROWN & CO.

WANTED—A live business man ... Illinois, Minnesota and Wisconsin, ... 138 Lake-st. A. C. BROWN & CO.

WANTED—$10,000, with or without a business man, in a legitimate business ... "STAPLE," Tribune office.

WANTED—To loan $20,000 in sums to suit, on first-class ... [illegible] ... 1618, giving name and description of property.

Boarding.

BOARDING—One handsome room with the comforts of a home, suitable for a gentleman and wife or single gentlemen. ... Apply at 287 Michigan-av.

BOARDING—Two or three gentlemen and their wives can find ... [illegible]

BOARDING—A pleasant room, with board, ... at 272 West Madison-st., corner of ...

BOARDING—A pleasant front room with board, can be had at 235 ... [illegible]

BOARDING—A few gentlemen, or a gentleman and wife can be accommodated ... 165 South Clark-st.

BOARDING—Unfurnished front room, and bedroom, with board, ... at the cottage No. 58 Price-place.

BOARDING—A large room, with closets, suitable for a gentleman and wife ... [illegible]

BOARDING—A large front room, handsomely furnished, with board, ... [illegible]

BOARDING—A gentleman and wife, or two or three single gentlemen ... [illegible]

BOARDING—A lady, about taking a ... [illegible]

BOARDING—A fine suite of furnished front rooms in Crosby's building, ... [illegible]

BOARDING—Front parlor and bedroom, ... [illegible]

Chicago Tribune.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1866.

THE NEWS.

... Five-twenties were quoted in London yesterday ... Gold closed in New York at 146¾.

... hundred white people have just emigrated from North Carolina in a body to the Northwest.

The Richmond *Whig* has relieved itself in an article on the recent elections. The gist ... is adopted this morning. ... will be found the ... Fenian ... in New York.

The Fenian trials, in Toronto, yesterday, ... Duggan was acquitted and discharged, ... rendering their verdict without leaving ...

Startling accounts in relation to the ... famine in India are given elsewhere. One ... in a district mentioned ... perished by hundreds of thousands.

The *World's* Albany correspondent says the Legislature will be called upon to make the Excise Law for New York city still more stringent ...

Hon. Hiram V. Willson, United States District Judge for the Northern District of Ohio, died on ... 11th instant, at midnight, of consumption.

At the last meeting of the French Academy of Sciences an announcement of the discovery of a new telescopic planet was received from M. ... It has been named Antiope, and is the ... of the series.

The Wisconsin Legislature, recently elected, will stand: Senate, twenty-two Republicans, eleven Democrats; Assembly, seventy-three Republicans to twenty-seven Democrats. Republican majority on joint ballot, fifty-seven.

The schooner Washington, with ore for Cleveland, went ashore at that place on Sunday night. ... the crew, three men from a life-boat were drowned. The vessel was not badly damaged and the rest of the crew are safe.

The Johnson Clubs in Washington have fallen into a state of hopeless bankruptcy. Having failed to settle for rents long due, the Sheriff, as a last resort, has seized upon the little furniture to be found in premises recently occupied by the disciples of the Humble Instrument.

There is a movement on foot to secure a large tract of land for the purpose of settling a colony of one hundred families from Delaware in the Southwest. It is under the auspices of the "Union Health Reform Colonization Company."

... Spear, acting Secretary of War for ... has issued a circular, urging the necessity of having a thorough military organization throughout the United States and Territories, and containing instructions for the formation of infantry, cavalry and artillery corps.

The Richmond *Times* learns that General Henry A. Wise is lying dangerously sick of the fever, at his residence, the old Marshall House, corner of Marshall and Ninth streets. He was taken with the early stages of the disease on Friday, and it has not yet yielded to medical skill. He is under the treatment of Dr. Baxall.

The Texas Legislature has got through its labors, and is ready to adjourn. Nearly all the important acts have already been passed, such as stay law, the laws reorganizing the district courts, the supreme court and the county courts, the ... law, a law governing labor contracts, &c.

The Secretary of the Treasury has sold the Marine hospital at Charleston, S. C., to the Protestant Episcopal Society of that city, to be used as an orphans' house and school for the education of freedmen's children. President Johnson has subscribed $1,000 to the fund to enable the society to make the purchase.

A Memphis paper has a letter from Joseph ... in which he states that the vessel direct from Marseilles to Memphis will reach the latter city ..., and that five others will immediately follow, thus establishing a regular line of steamers between the Mediterranean seaports, ... Marseilles, and the valley of the Mississippi through Memphis.

It is announced that the new musket which was repeatedly tried at the camp of Chalons, was definitely adopted by the French War Department. It is somewhat shorter than the musket now in use in the French army. It weighs ... pounds ten ounces, carries a sabre ... lighter than the old one, and the barrel is ... It can be fired, it is said, fifty times in four ... in the ranks, and the soldiers fire with ease seven or eight times a minute.

There is a report from France that the Eastern has been chartered by M Despeches for the purpose of transporting visitors from New York to Brest during the Paris Exhibition. The ship can accommodate thirty-five hundred passengers. The price per passenger will be comparatively low. An excursion to Paris and ... at the reduced rates which could be ... in a vessel of the carrying capacity of the Great Eastern, would be popular.

The rebels of Central Kentucky had a demonstration at Louisville on Sunday, over the interment of the remains of the rebel General Roger A. Hanson, who was killed at Stone River, and who, until last week, remained buried there. ... [illegible] ... of rebel ... General Preston ... Pickett, and the body was borne to the grave by a procession of a mile in length. The grave was smothered with bouquets and ... the ladies.

It is seldom that such professions over the ... but here is an instance. The Nashville ... says: Rev. Ransom Harris, pastor of the colored Christian Church (colored) of this city, ... nearly thirty years ... died yesterday evening, at about ... He was one of the most influential of his race in this section, and much respected by all the white population with whom he came in contact, and his piety, kindness, and his extent of information, both ... and general, altogether unusual for ... sphere of life.

The Solano (California) *Press* gives an account of the principal vineyards in that county ... that about fifteen thousand vines, part of which were set out in 1850, the rest in 1864. ... Among them there are some foreign varieties of the Muscat Sourdaise best, but the California grape predominates. Mr. Schultz will make about two thousand gallons of wine. ... a firm of Germans have a vineyard of about ... acres on the sunny slope of the Suscol hills. They have sixty-thousand vines, the California predominating, but foreign varieties, with the exception of the Tokay. This vineyard was planted in 1851, and will produce over eleven thousand gallons of wine.

FROM ST. LOUIS.

Election of Van Horn in the Sixth Congressional District—The Radical Majority in the State will be 20,000—The Measure of ... —Important Decision by Judge ... —A Band of Winnebagoes Stealing Steamer.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

ST. LOUIS, November 12.

Van Horn, Radical, is elected in the Sixth District. Platte County only gave seventy-five majority for him, owing to the operation of the registration law, despite the enormous frauds attempted by the rebels. Platte gave 1,000 majority against the New Constitution, but now elects the Radical Sheriff and one Radical to the Legislature.

The official and unofficial from 70 counties give as follows: Radical, 61,997; Conservative, 34,000; Radical majority, 27,185. The same counties gave, in 1864, a majority of 2,000 against the New Constitution. The balance of the State is favorable to the Radicals, and their majority will certainly reach 25,000.

... Judge Treat has granted an injunction against the sale of the Cairo & Fulton Railroad by the State, on the ground that the bondholders, who should be allowed to have their claims adjudicated ... that a judicial decision should be made ... with the terms of the contract; ... that the rights of the bondholders ... contend that ... the road was ... of trust, and that their rights in equity must be respected, and that the proposed sale of the road ... The injunction is made perpetual by ... and the sale of the ... Mountain Railroad and the Southwest Branch will also be ...

The Boat, now on her way to this port, with a party of Winnebago Indians on board, ... [illegible] ... over the Prairie du Chien. ... [illegible]

... St. Louis, November 12.—The steamer Mollie ... sunk in the Missouri River, at St. Martin's ... This is the third time the boat has been sunk ... [illegible] ... Fort Benton ...

The northwestern Upper Missouri states that ... at Fort Rice, and fears are entertained that ... will not be able to reach the upper forts on account of low water and the ...

REBEL DEFIANCE.

The Richmond Whig on the Late Elections—... to the Constitutional Amendment ... Finally Defeated.

RICHMOND, November 12.—The following is the Richmond *Whig's* leader on the late elections:

"... as we thought, just as we said they would be. The Radicals have swept the North and ... the West, which seems to exceed ... New England. ... [illegible] ..."

[illegible]

... Niagara, C. W., November 12.—There was a fire in ... Lake Ontario last Sunday morning. ... [illegible]

FROM EUROPE.

Last Evening's Despatches by the Atlantic Cable.

The London Times on the Condemned Fenians.

Recommends that they be Leniently Dealt With.

The Candians Experience Another Serious Defeat.

Holland to Join the North German Confederation.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Rumor that Revenue Commissioner Rollins will Soon be Removed.

FROM CANADA.

Acquittal of Wm. Duggan, the Fenian Prisoner.

MEXICO.

Object of General Sherman's Mission.

Terms of the Contemplated Settlement With Napoleon.

THE GREAT FAMINE IN INDIA.

Sad Accounts of Destitution Among the Inhabitants.

The Natives Perish by Hundreds of Thousands.

IMPORTANT CIRCULAR FROM FENIAN HEADQUARTERS.

The Richmond Whig on the Late Elections.

FROM EUROPE.

By Atlantic Cable—The London Times on the Condemned Fenian Prisoners in Canada—It Recommends that They be not ... Dealt With—The Japanese War Ended—Report of the Death of the Tycoon Confirmed.

LONDON, November 12.—The London *Times* this morning says, considering the difficult position of the President of the United States and his efforts to prevent the invasion of the British territory in North America, it would be wise for the Canadian authorities to show some compliance with his request in the case of the Fenians who are condemned and sentenced to death, but still it would confer no immunity in case of another invasion.

PARIS, November 12.—The report that an insurrection had taken place in Barcelona is denied.

MADRID, November 12.—A plot has been discovered in the city of Saragossa, in ... of which several arrests have been made.

LONDON, November 12.—Telegraphic despatches have been received which state that the war in Japan is ended. The report of the death of the Tycoon is confirmed.

Latest English Markets.

... Cotton—Dull ... [illegible]

By Steamer—The Cholera in England—The Candians Badly Defeated by the Turks—Holland will Probably Join the North German Confederation.

NEW YORK, November 12.—The steamer ... brings London papers of the 1st ... Mrs. Lincoln and daughter came ... in Scotland.

The cholera had broken out afresh at Woolwich and Charlton. It prevails lightly in Southampton and also appeared in several places in Yorkshire.

In Candia the Turco-Egyptian army had gained a decisive victory over the insurgents. Mustapha Pasha with 12,000 troops, captured Keraka, ... [illegible]

A London letter says: There seems to be now no doubt that the King of Holland will shortly join the North German Confederation. The ... [illegible] ... the country to Prussia, and ... [illegible] ... troops. Not a single Dutch soldier has quitted the fortress, and to all intents and purposes it is still a part of the Confederation, ...

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

WASHINGTON, November 12.

DEMOCRATIC CONCERN.

Considerable concern is manifested in the conservative camp in regard to the election, by the Senate, of a new presiding officer in place of Mr. Foster. Johnson men fear that the late overwhelming victories will lead the Senate to put one of their number, who, either by their ... or by their acts behind the scenes, have shown themselves were right, have been conservative, elect a man whose views and acts have all been radical. This causes them to fear that Senator Wade will be promptly agreed upon, and the Union men appear to think his chances the best. Among the Eastern Senators the name of Anthony, of Rhode Island, and Morrill, of Vermont, are mentioned; but neither are here mentioned as prominent in the matter.

JOHNSONITE GOING INTO BANKRUPTCY.

All of the Johnson political clubs in this city have come to grief. The Sheriff has levied upon the Young Men's National Union Club, the Conservative Army and Navy Club, the Johnson Congressional Club, ... for arrears of rent. ... It is understood that the claims will be held in small ... Thomas B. ..., A. J. ..., Green Clay Smith, and William B. ... can be heard from.

ARMY AND NAVY APPOINTMENTS.

It is understood that the full list of nominations in the army and navy will be ... within two or three days.

COMMISSIONER ROLLINS.

The movement to secure the removal of Commissioner Rollins, and the appointment of ... Spooner, is one of the most formidable which has yet been made in any individual case. The President seems to have given way entirely before the pressure, but it is understood that Mr. McCulloch still persistently opposes any change. The matter comes before the Cabinet, and it is thought ... final decision.

NATIONAL CEMETERY.

The National Cemetery at Fredericksburg is about complete. The number of graves will be over twelve thousand.

ASSESSMENT OF POSTMASTERS.

The following appointments of Postmasters were made during last week: ... [illegible]

A matter of great importance is under consideration ... decided by the Secretary of the Treasury, ... the types of all vessels which ... even though the Revenue Act of ... [illegible]

... Messrs. Lowry and Hillyer, the Commissioners appointed by the Legislature of Mississippi, ... called at the White House to-day. ...

REGULAR ARMY APPOINTMENTS.

... [illegible]

These last indications that the most ... [illegible]